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ARCHAEOLOGICAL TESTING REPORT 100 JAY STREET BROOKLYN, NEW YORK BLOCK 53, LOTS 24, 26 AND 27

> RECEIVED ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

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LANDMARKS PRESERVATION
COMMISSION

prepared for: The Hudson Companies Inc., LLC 155 Third Street Brooklyn, New York 11231

prepared by: Greenhouse Consultants Incorporated 40 Exchange Place, 13th Floor New York, New York 10005

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#### INTRODUCTION

The 100 Jay Street project area is located in the section of Brooklyn known as DUMBO, or Down Under the Manhattan Bridge Overpass. The project area consists of Lots 24, 26 and 27 on Block 53. The Manhattan Bridge approach passes over Block 53 just west of the project area. See Figure 1.

Two background research reports were prepared for this project by Celia Bergoffen during 2001. The first report covers Lots 3, 6, 21; and 24 through 27 on Block 53. Archaeological testing of Lots 24, 26 and 27 was recommended (Bergoffen 2001:13-16).

Lot 24 had structures at the front and rear of the lot by 1855. Sewers and water lines were available after 1859. An L-shaped yard between the front and rear buildings remained open through time. During the 1860s the Mullen family occupied this lot. They operated a dry-goods store (Bergoffen 2001:9, 13-14). A cistern would be the most likely resource located within this part of Lot 24.

Lot 26 had a house at the front and a shed at the rear of the lot by 1855. Sewers and water liens were also available after 1859. The front building was later extended, but an L-shaped yard remained open through time. Lot 26 was owned and occupied by Mary Ellsinger from 1861 through 1866 (Bergoffen 2001:9, 14). A cistern would be the most likely resource to survive in Lot 26.

Lot 27 had a house on it by 1852. Sewers and water lines were available after 1859. The entire eastern side of the rear yard remained open through time. Lot 27 was occupied by the Widow Cassin and three boarders during the 1850s. Lot 27 was owned by Patrick Creau during 1866 through 1869. It became the property of Mary Ellsinger around 1875 and she owned it through 1886 (Bergoffen 2001:9, 15). A privy would be the most likely type of resource to survive.

The general purpose of archaeological testing is to document the presence or absence of potential prehistoric or historic archaeological resources through the use of physical testing techniques. The expected resources for this block consist of features associated with the nineteenth century residences, including privies, cisterns or wells. Location of these features are expected to be located near the present surface since they were constructed on or cut into this surface during the nineteenth century.

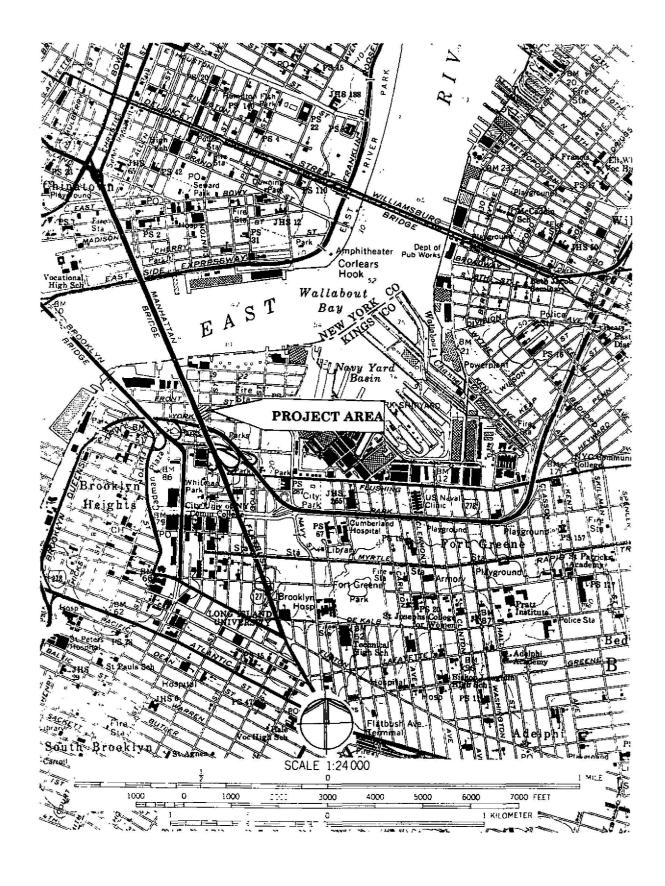


Figure 1 Location of the project area shown on portion of U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute series Brooklyn, N.Y. quadrangle, 1967, photorevised 1979.

#### FIELD METHODOLOGY

The subsurface archaeological testing at 100 Jay Street, Brooklyn, New York began on September 3, 2003 and was completed September 5, 2003. As stated in the scope-of-work for this testing, the technique used to examine buried deposits was the mechanical excavation of trenches. A total of eight trenches were excavated by backhoe, the results of which were closely monitored by archaeologists. This testing strategy was designed by the principal investigator and approved by the staff of the New York City Landmarks Preservation Commission. See Figure 2 for the locations of the trenches.

All eight backhoe trenches were located as proposed. Measurements were taken from property lines and existing buildings, and the corners of the trenches were painted on the parking lot surface. The backhoe was then used to break and remove the asphalt surface. Excavation proceeded slowly and methodically, under constant supervision of registered professional archaeologists.

The use of mechanical means of excavation expedites the removal of large quantities of fill. A total of approximately 8,592 cubic feet of soil were removed from the trenches, the dimensions of which varied from 14 feet to 42 feet long, 6 to 8 feet wide, and 4.1 to 8.5 feet deep.

Soil samples were selectively removed from the fill of features and the deepest layer encountered. This soil was then screened through 1/4-inch mesh in order to recover artifacts. Artifacts were also recovered when they were observed in the trench by directing the backhoe operator to selectively remove them with the backhoe bucket. Soil strata were measured, described, and recorded for all trenches. All trenches were backfilled immediately following excavation and the recording of data.

A total of approximately 8,592 cubic feet of soil was removed from the eight backhoe trenches, the dimensions of which varied from 13 to 42 feet long, 6 to 8 feet wide, and 4.1 to 8.5 feet deep. The following table contains the statistics for each trench.

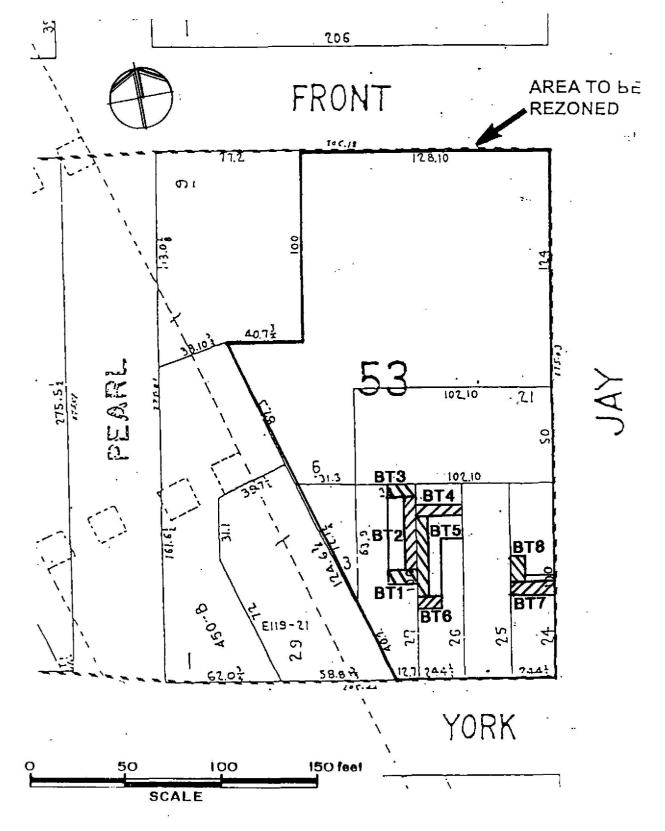


Figure 2 Locations of Backhoe Trenches 1 through 8 within the project area.

Table 1 Backhoe Trench Statistics

Trench #	Dimensions (ff.)	Cubic feet
Trench 1	15 x 8 x 6.4 deep	768 ft <sup>3</sup>
Trench 2	38 x 6 x 6.3 deep	1436 ft <sup>3</sup>
Trench 3	15 x 8 x 6.5 deep	780 ft <sup>3</sup>
Trench 4	25 x 7 x 4.1 deep	718 ft <sup>3</sup>
Trench 5	42 x 7 x 5.0 deep	1470 ft <sup>3</sup>
Trench 6	13 x 8 x 7.0 deep	728 ft <sup>3</sup>
Trench 7	24 x 8 x 7.5 deep	1440 ft <sup>3</sup>
Trench 8	14 x 8 x 8.5 deep	952 ft <sup>3</sup>

#### STRATIGRAPHIC SUMMARY

Lot 27

Backhoe trenches 1, 2 and 3 were located in Lot 27. Backhoe Trench 1 lay near the midsection of the lot, Backhoe Trench 2 along the eastern boundary, and Backhoe Trench 3 at the northern boundary of the lot. The following table illustrates the sequence of stratigraphy in Backhoe Trenches 1, 2 and 3.

Table 2 Backhoe Trench 1 Data

Layer	Description	Thickness	Interpretations	Depth
.01	Asphalt	0.2 ft	Parking lot surface	0.2 ft.
.02	Gravel in dark greyish brown silty sand	0.5	Fill	0.7 ft.
.03	Yellowish brown silty sand	2.1 ft.		2.9 ft.
.04	Dark yellowish brown sand	0.5 ff.		3.4 ft.
.05	Very dark greyish brown silty sand	O.8 ft.	Feature fill	1.5 ft.
.06	Yellowish brown silty sand	3.7 ft	Feature fill	5.2 ft.
.07	Very dark greyish brown silty sand	1.0 ft.	Feature fill	6.2 ft.
.08	Light grey concrete (no reinforcing)	0.2 ft.	Feature floor	6.4 ft.
.09	Yellowish brown silty sand	T	Subsoil	

Table 3 Backhoe Trench 2 Data

Layer	Description	Thickness	Interpretation	Depth
.01	Asphalt	0.2 ft	Parking lot surface	0.2 ft.
.02	Dark greyish brown gravel in silty sand	0.2 ff.	Fill	0.4 ff.
.03	Very dark grey sitty sand w/red brick fragments	0.8 ft.	Fill	1.2 ft.
.04	Dark yellowish brown silty sand	·3.4 ft.	Fill	4.6 ft.
.05	Brown sand w/red brick fragments	1.4 ft.		6.0 ft.
.06	Dark yellowish brown silty sand	0.3 ft.	Subsoil	6.3 ff.
.07	Very dark greyish brown silty sand	1.3 ft.	Feature fill	4.4 ft.

Table 4
Backhoe Trench 3 Data

Layer	Description	Thickness	Interpretation	Depth
.01	Asphalt	0.2 ft.	Parking lot surface	0.2 ft.
.02	Very dark greyish brown silty sand w/bred brick & mortar	0.9 ft.	Fill	1.1 ft.
.03	Yellowish brown silty sand w/bred brick & mortar	4.9 ft.	Builder's trench	6.0 ft.
.04	Dark yellowish brown fine sand	3.5 ft.	Fill	4.6 ft.
.05	Yellowish brown fine sand	1.9	Subsoil	6.5 ft.

Five to nine contexts were recorded in each of Backhoe Trenches 1 through 3. If the contexts associated with the two features are eliminated, then either five or six contexts were recorded. In all cases the top layer was black asphalt, 0.2 feet thick. This is the parking lot surface. Beneath this layer were either two to four layers of fill. The top layer of the fill was dark greyish brown or very dark greyish brown silty sand with gravel or brick and mortar fragments. Thickness ranged from 0.2 to 0.9 feet averaging 0.5 feet. The deeper fill layers were usually yellowish brown in color, although brown and very dark grey appear once each. Texture was sand or silty sand. Thickness was quite variable. The total thickness of these two or three layers varied from 2.6 feet to 5.6 feet, averaging 3.9 feet. The deepest layer recorded for each trench was a yellowish brown or dark yellowish brown silty sand or fine sand. No inclusions were noted. This layer was identified as the subsoil.

Lot 26
Backhoe Trenches 4, 5 and 6 were placed in Lot 26. Backhoe Trench 4 was placed toward the northern end of the lot, Backhoe Trench 5 along the western boundary and Backhoe Trench 6 in the midsection of the lot.

Table 5 Backhoe Trench 4 Data

Layer	Description	Thickness	Interpretation	Depth
.01	Asphalt	0.2 ft.	Parking lot surface	0.2 ft
.02	Very dark greyish brown	0.2 ft.	Fill	0.2 ft.
.03	Dark grey silty sand	0.6 ff.	Fill	1.0 ft.
.04	Dark yellowish brown silty sand	1.4 ft.	Fill	2.4 ft.
.05	Yellowish brown sand	1.7 ft.	Subsoil	4.1 ft.
.06	Dark yellowish brown sand	3.5 ft.	Feature fill	ft.

Table 6 Backhoe Trench 5 Data

Layer	Description	Thickness	Interpretation	Depth
.01	Asphalt	0.1 ff.	Parking lot surface	0.1 ft
.02	Dark greyish brown silty sand	0.2 ff.	Fill	0.3 ft.
.03	Very dark grey silty sand	0.4 ft.	Fill	0.7 ft.
.04	Dark yellowish brown fine sand w/brick fragments	2.1 ft.	Fill	2.8 ft.
.05	Yellowish brown fine sand	2.2 ft.	Subsoil	5.0 ft.
.06	Yellowish brown fine sand	3.27 ft.	Feature fill	4.47 ft.

Table 7 Backhoe Trench 6 Data

Layer	Description	Thickness	Interpretation	Depth
.01	Asphalt	O.1 ft.	Parking lot surface	0.1 ft
.02	Very dark greyish brown silty sand w/gravel	0.2 ff.	Fill	0.3 ft.
.03	Very dark grey to pale brown silly sand	0.6 ft.	Fill	0.9 ft.
.04	Dark yellowish brown sand	4.2 ft.	Fill	5.1 ff.
.05	Dark yellowish brown fine sand	1.9 ff.	Subsoil	7.0 ft.
60.	Yellowish brown fine sand	4.8 ft.	Fill	5.7 ft.

Six contexts were recorded in each of Backhoe Trenches 4 through 6. When the contexts associated with the features in Backhoe Trenches 4 and 5 are eliminated, then either five or six contexts were recorded. In all cases the top layer was black asphalt 0.1 to 0.2 feet thick. This layer was the parking lot surface. Beneath this layer were three or four layers of fill. The top of the fill was a dark greyish brown or very dark greyish brown sand or silty sand which was 0.2 feet thick. The next layer encountered was a very dark grey silty sand mottled with pale brown silty sand in one case. Thickness ranged from 0.4 to 0.6 feet, averaging 0.5 feet. The deeper part of the fill consisted of one or two layers of dark yellowish brown or very dark yellowish brown silty sand or sand. The total thickness ranged from 1.4 feet to 4.8 feet. It averaged 3.1 feet thick. The deepest layer recorded in all three trenches was a yellowish brown or dark yellowish brown sand. This layer was the subsoil.

# Lot 24

Backhoe Trenches 7 and 8 were placed in Lot 24. Backhoe Trench 7 lay across the midsection of the property and Backhoe Trench 8 along the western boundary.

Table 8 Backhoe Trench 7 Data

Layer	Description	Thickness	Interpretation	Depth
.01	Asphalt	0.1 ff.	Parking lot surface	0.1 ft.
.02	Very dark greyish brown silty sand w/gravel	0.2 ft.	Fill	0.3 ff.
.03	Dark greyish brown silty sand w/red brick, mortar, cobbles, etc.	1.3 ft.	Fill	1.6 ft.
.04	Dark yellowish brown fine sand w/metal & red brick fragments	3.4 ft.	Fill	5.0 ff.
.05	Yellowish brown fine sand	2.5 ft.	Subsoil	7.5 ft.
.06 South side only	Very dark grey silly sand w/building rubble	3.5 ft.	Fill of front building cellar	4.0 ft.

Table 9 Backhoe Trench 8 Data

Layer	Description	Thickness	Interpretation	Depth
.01	Asphalt	0.1 ft.	Parking lot surface	O.1 ft.
.02	Very dark greyish brown silty sand	0.2 ft.	Fill	0.3 ft.
.03	Dark greyish brown silty sand	0.4 ft.	Fill	0.7 ft.
.04	Dark yellowish brown sand	5.3 ft.	Fill	6.0 ft.
.05	Yellowish brown fine sand	2.5 ft.	Subsoil	8.5 ft.

Either five or six contexts were recorded in Backhoe Trenches 7 and 8. When the fill of the cellar seen in Backhoe Trench 7 is eliminated, then five layers were recorded in each trench. The top layer was a black asphalt, 0.1 feet thick. Beneath this layer were three layers of fill. The first fill layer was a very dark greyish brown silty sand with some gravel. It was 0.2 feet thick. The second fill layer was a dark greyish brown silty sand with red brick, mortar, and other building rubble. It was 0.4 to 1.3 feet thick. The deepest fill layer was a dark yellowish brown sand. it was 3.4 to 5.3 feet thick. The deepest layer recorded was a yellowish brown fine sand. This layer was the subsoil.

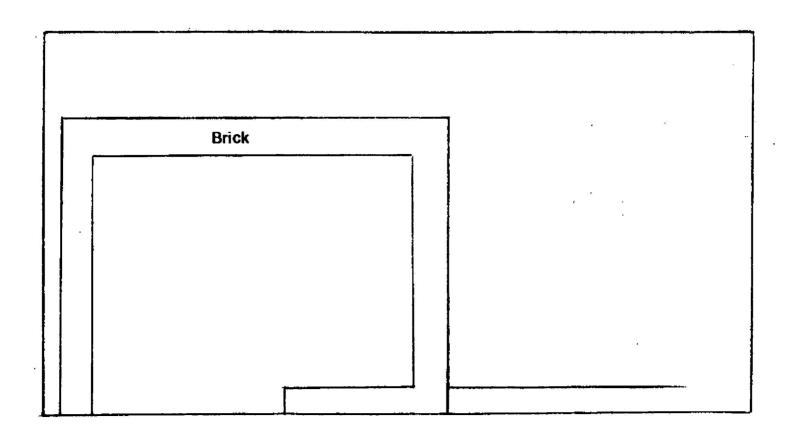






Figure 3 Plan of Backhoe Trench 1.

BT 2 PLAN

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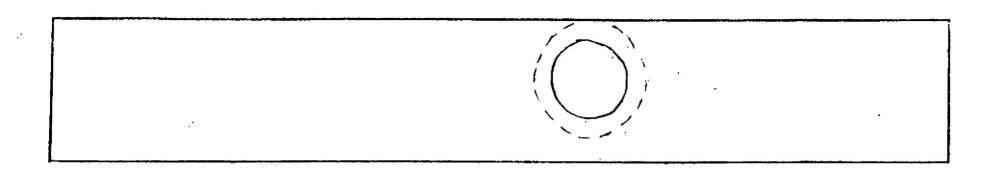


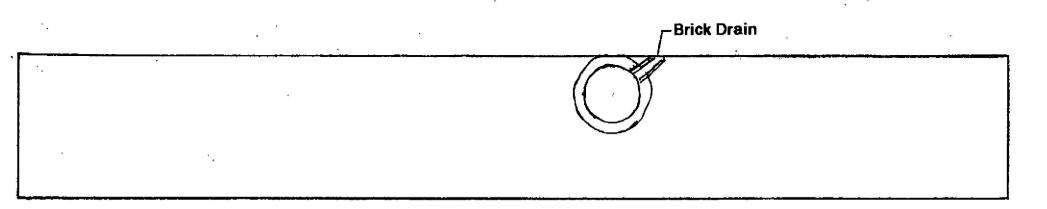




Figure 4 Plan of Backhoe Trench 2.

# BT5 PLAN

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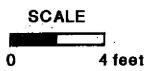


Figure 5 Plan of Backhoe Trench 5.

#### ARTIFACT PROCESSING AND ANALYSIS

#### Laboratory Methodology

Artifacts recovered from the field testing at the 100 Jay Street project area were brought to the Greenhouse Consultants laboratory for processing and analysis. Artifacts were washed in room temperature tap water, dried, marked and catalogued. The drying procedure was slow air drying on screens in the laboratory processing area. The artifacts were then labeled with their appropriate context number.

Artifacts were identified using a modified form of the Cultural Material Data Base Taxonomy of the National Park Service. Artifacts were coded for their functional group, class and material. Technological and stylistic manufacturing ranges were assigned when an artifact exhibited a datable attribute. Establishing a range of the manufacture of artifacts provides a time frame for establishing dates after which the refuse deposits were made. This information was recorded on a tyvek label which was inserted with the artifact into a clear polyethylene ziplock bag. The bags were also labeled with context and catalog numbers.

Contexts were assigned series numbers in accordance to the type of data recovery method. The data recovery methods employed at 100 Jay Street were backhoe trenching and feature exploration. The 4000 series represents trenching and 6000 series for the features. The second layer of Backhoe Trench 1 would be identified as 4001.02. See Appendix 1 for the context labeling system.

#### <u>Artifact Analysis</u>

Sampled artifacts were retained from three backhoe contexts and four feature contexts, for a total of 74 artifacts.

Backhoe Trench Context 4006.07 4007.06 4008.04		Amount 4 4 6
	Subtotal	14
Feature Context 6001.01 (Backhoe Trench 1) 6002.07 (Backhoe Trench 2) 6003.01 (Backhoe Trench 4) 6004.01 (Backhoe Trench 5)		8 41 7 4
	Subtotal	60
	Total	74

#### Lot 24

Backhoe Trenches 7 and 8 contained a total of ten artifacts. Context 4007.06 contained two bottles, a jar and an electrical insulator. The base of the milk glass jar was embossed MUSTEROLE CLEVELAND. Mustard plaster was used to treat a variety of ailments including congestion, muscle soreness, cold coughs, skin rashes and bites, and numerous other illnesses. This company dates to after 1906 (Fike 1987:174). One aqua bottle was embossed: S. LIEBMANN'S SONS/BRC CO/N.Y. and the second bottle was embossed BROCKWAY/7, a machine made, Philadelphia oval base with a patent lip. The second bottle dates to the twentieth century.

Context 4008.04 contained six artifacts, including two ceramics and four glass. The ceramics included one small piece of ironstone and a yellowware base to a bowl or mug with manganese in the interior and exterior under clear glaze. The first bottle was part of a cylindrical emerald colored body, embossed G.V. DEMOTT/5 stars/DEM. The second bottle was a complete light green soda bottle embossed CREAM SODA/F.K./1860/BROOKLYN made in a two piece mold. The third bottle was a complete, aqua, made in a two piece mold, embossed: M.B. & CO./145/WEST 35TH ST./NY/1861. The fourth bottle was also complete, emerald colored, squat cylindrical bodied embossed: HUBENER/BROOKLYN//PHILADELPHIA/ XXX/PORTER & ALE. Spillman (1983:56) states these style of porter ale bottles were manufactured between 1840 and 1876.

<u>Lot 24 Summary.</u> Material recovered from the trenches at Lot 24 reflect two different periods. The artifacts from Trench 7, placed across the midsection of the lot, represent remains from twentieth century discards. The artifacts from Trench 8, excavated along the western boundary of the lot, were manufactured during the second half of the nineteenth century.

#### Lot 26

Trenches 4, 5 and 6 were placed in this lot, with artifacts retained from backhoe context 4006.06 (4), Feature contexts 6003.01 (7), and 6004.01 (4), for a total of fifteen.

Context 4006.06 held four glass or glass related items. One clear ink bottle was recovered that had a cylindrical body and rolled lip. A complete, clear milk bottle was also retained, embossed 4//1//QT/SHEFFIELD//SHEFFIELD/REGISTERED/MTC. Two bottle bands were saved. One was white plastic with an imprint of STA-FAST/N·E in diamond Y/STERILIZED. The second band was a red band, over a white band, imprinted with SOLID//SET/TRADEMARK/STERILIZED/N.Y.U.S.A.

Context 6003.01 in Backhoe Trench 4, contained seven artifacts, including two pieces of ceramic and five glass. The two ceramic artifacts were a piece of a plain porcelain plate and a piece of a plain ironstone plate. The ironstone plate was a large enough piece to contain part of maker's mark, the unicorn from the coat of arms. The five glass artifacts included a glass mug, of clear press paneled/diamond pattern. A complete, 8-paneled, umbrella ink bottle with a pontil mark was the second glass artifact found. The third piece of glass was an aqua bottle with an ovoid base. It has a sloppily applied downtooled lip and was made in a two-piece mold. The fourth glass artifact was an aqua bottle, which mended, with an avoid base, downtooled lip and cup

bottom mold. The shoulders were embossed: SACHEVALIERS//...OR THE HAIR. The ink bottle was probably made between 1865 and 1900 (Spillman 1983:122. The two bottles could have been made during a wide range of time: the first one between 1750 and 1880 (Jones and Sullivan 1985:27), and the second one, from 1850 to the 1920s (ibid.:38).

Four artifacts were retained from Context 6004.01 in Backhoe Trench 5. These were two mammal ribs, a small piece of ironstone ceramic, and a piece of clear bottle glass with molded rings exterior.

Lot 26 Summary. Artifacts from Trench 6, placed across the midsection of the lot, are twentieth century in manufacture. The same may be true for artifacts from the feature, 6004.01, in Backhoe Trench 5, placed along the western boundary of the lot. Artifacts from the feature in Trench 4, Context 6003.01, excavated toward the back of the lot, theoretically span a century and a half of manufacture. Comparison of manufacturing ranges indicates a manufacturing range in the second half of the nineteenth century.

#### Lot 27

Backhoe Trenches 1, 2 and 3 were situated in Lot 27. Artifacts were sampled from the feature in Backhoe Trench 1, Context 6001.01 and the feature in Backhoe Trench 2, Context 6002.07.

Context 6001.01 contained eight artifacts, including three pieces of ceramic, three pieces of glass, mortar and metal. The metal was a rusted, white enameled kettle lid. The surface of the piece of mortar had circular porcelain tiles embedded in it. Ceramics included one piece of plain porcelain, 50 percent of a broken hotelware cup, and a stoneware lid, with a Bristol slip, sponged blue. The bottles consisted of a broken milk bottle embossed: 4/SHEFFIELD/REG-U S-PAT. OFF./1 QT//4/SHEFFIELD FARMS CO INC/SHEFFIELD/REG-U S-PAT.OFF./NEW YORK. The second bottle was complete, machine made with a club sauce finish and partial cork. The third bottle was also complete, a Philadelphia oval made in a two piece vertical mold with separate base; prescription lip with cork, embossed: M. & S. ARENSBERG/Wholesale and Retail Druggists/BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

Context 6002.07 held 41 artifacts. The functional categories of kitchen group, faunal/floral, architecture, household furnishings, and activities were represented.

Table 10
Feature 2, Context 6002.07, Artifacts by Functional Group

Functional Group	Subgroup	Class	Amount	Subtotal	Total
Kitchen					19
	Ceramics			9	
		Redware	1		

Functional Group	Subgroup	Class	Amount	Subtotal	Total
		Staffordshire?	1		
		Pearlware?	1		
		Ironstone	1	_	
	Glass			10	
		Container glass	5		
		Bottle glass	5	-	`
Fauna/flora				_	12
	Avian bone	-		9	12
	Mammai bone			1	
	Mammai molar			1	
	Oyster shell			1	
Architecture/ Construction			-		5
	Brick			1	
	Wood			1	
	Tile			I.	
	Flat glass			2	
Household furnishings					2
	Hook, screw in			1	
	Flat glass, ridged			1	
Activities				_	6
	Wire			_ 1	
	Metal bar		<u> </u>	1	_

Functional Group	Subgroup	Class	Amount	Subtotal	Total
	Film leader			1	
<u>-</u>	Orb, blue			1	
	Coal			2	

<u>Summary Lot 27.</u> Feature 1, Context 6001.01, in Trench 1 represents cultural remains from the twentieth century. The artifacts sampled in Feature 2, Context 6002.07, Trench 2, represent a span of time from possibly the late eighteenth century through the nineteenth or early twentieth century.

#### RESULTS

The archaeological testing of the 100 Jay Street project area resulted in the discovery of four features. A total of eight backhoe trenches were completed within Lots 24, 26 and 27 on Block 53. Lot 26 contained one feature, and two were found in Lot 27.

Backhoe Trench 1 in Lot 27 contained a rear cellar entrance to the main structure. This entryway was approximately five feet north-south by 6.7 feet east-west. The feature began at 0.7 feet below grade and the floor was found at 6.2 feet below grade. The floor was an unreinforced concrete slab. This feature was completely emptied of fill which contained twentieth century artifacts.

Backhoe Trench 2 in Lot 27 contained a probable privy. This feature is circular in plan and was built of dry laid stone. It is located along the eastern lot boundary, about in the center of the rear yard. The upper part of the fill was sampled and found to contain artifacts dating to the late eighteenth and nineteenth centuries.

Backhoe Trench 4 in Lot 26 contained part of a pit or trench in its eastern 3.5 feet. This area is adjacent to a building in Lot 25, seen on the 1887 Sanborn map (Bergoffen 2001: Figure 10). This makes it likely that this feature is part of a builder's trench for that structure. The artifacts recovered date to the last half of the nineteenth century and are likely associated with Lot 25 and not Lot 26.

Backhoe Trench 5 in Lot 26 contained a probable dry well. It was placed along the western lot boundary near the center of the rear yard. A dry laid brick and stone drain was found leading into it. The dry-well itself was circular in plan and composed of dry-laid stone. The fill consisted of fine sand with few artifacts. The artifacts found appeared to be from the early twentieth century. This feature is quite similar to a dry-well found in the MetroTech project in Brooklyn.

No features were found in Backhoe Trenches 3, 6, 7 or 8.

Only the feature in Backhoe Trench 2 has the likelihood of providing evidence important to local history. This is the only feature found which contains a fair number of domestic artifacts that can be associated with specific occupants.

### **CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

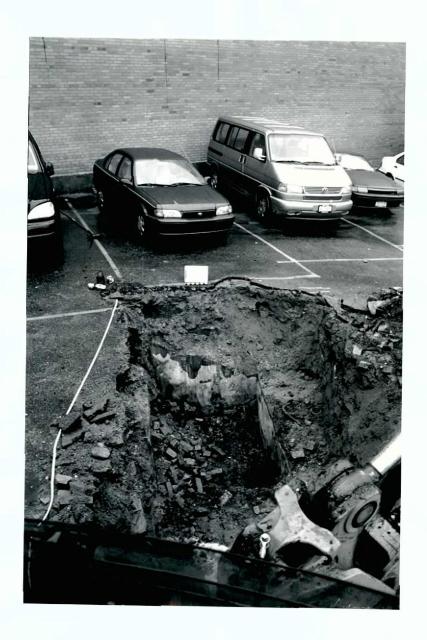
The above text documents the procedures and results of the archaeological testing at 100 Jay Street, Kings County, New York. It is our opinion that a significant historic archaeological site exists within Lot 27. This site consists of a privy, and the lot was occupied by the widow Cassin and three boarders during the mid-nineteenth century. Patrick Cream owned it from 1866 through 1869, followed by Mary Ellsinger from circa 1875 through 1886.

This site is potentially eligible for the National and New York State Registers of Historic Places under Criterion D, its ability to yield information important to local history. Recovery and analysis of the fill of this cistern could provide insights into the lives of a middle class widow and her boarders in Brooklyn during the nineteenth century. Present plans for Lot 27 require the destruction of this privy.

We recommend that the fill of the privy found in Lot 27 be completely excavated prior to construction of anew structure. This excavation would recover the archaeological data represented by this feature prior to its destruction.



Plate 1 View of excavation of Backhoe Trench 1 looking northeast.



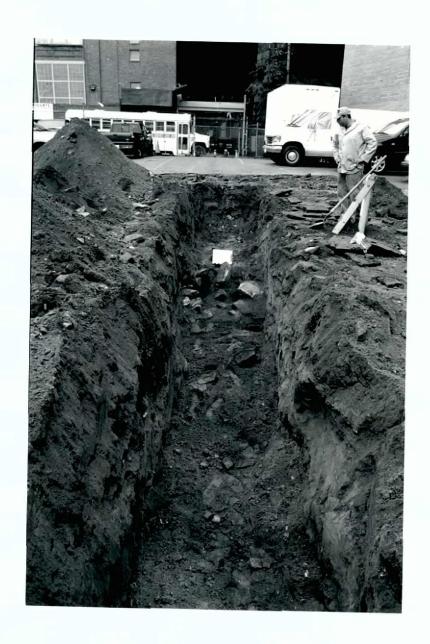


Plate 3 View of Backhoe Trench 2 looking south showing privy or dry well.

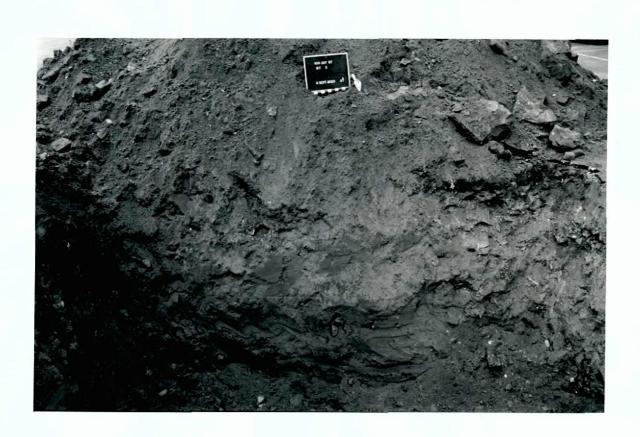


Plate 4 View of the south section of Backhoe Trench 3.

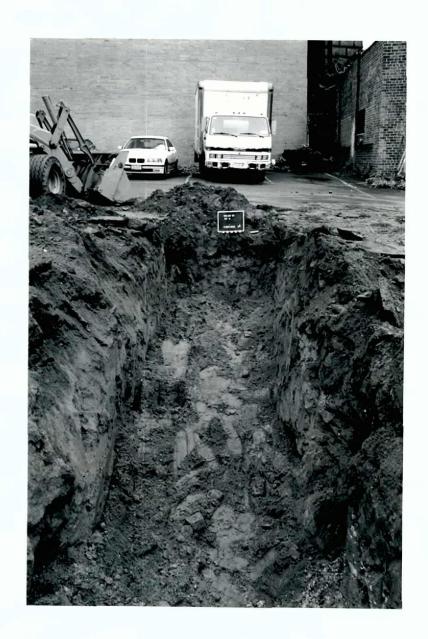


Plate 5 View of Backhoe Trench 4 looking west.



Plate 6 View of Backhoe Trench 5 looking south with dry well in background.

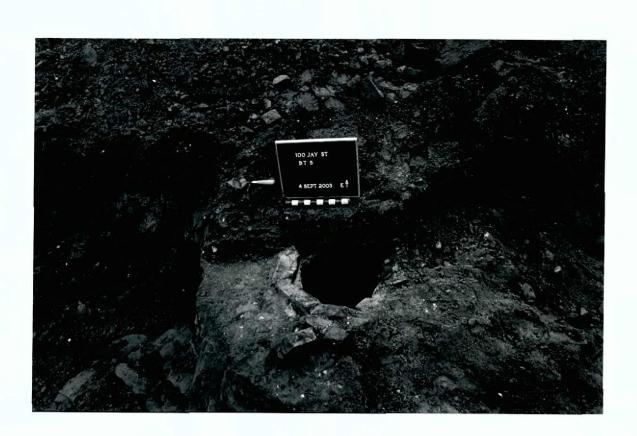


Plate 7 View of dry well in Backhoe Trench 5 looking east.



Plate 8 Detail of brick drain leading to dry well in Backhoe Trench 5 looking north.





Plate 10 View of the north section of Backhoe Trench 7.

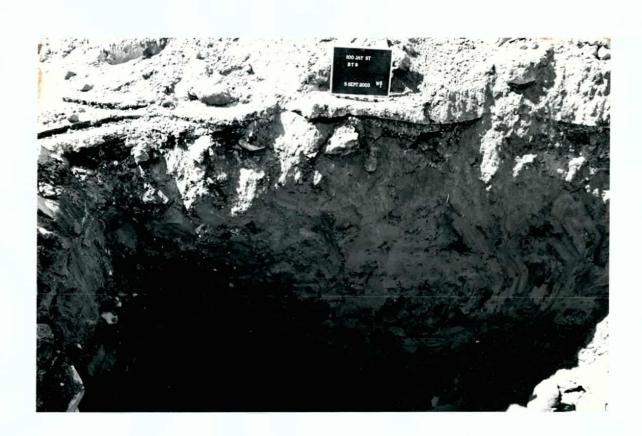


Plate 11 View of the west section of Backhoe Trench 8.

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## APPENDIX 1

FIELD RECORD FORMS AND CONTEXT NUMBERING SYSTEM

100 Jay	<u> </u>	COORDINATES : 15 x B				
SUPERVISOR :	EXCAVATOR :	SCREENED	PATE:	TEST TYPE		
WR	MG	plo	3 Sept. 03	PT 1		
APHY:						
DEPTH +	DESCRIPTION	COLOR	CULT. MAT.	NOTES		
0 ~ 0.2	Asphold	BIK 211	_	Surba of 11king 6t		
0.2'-0.7'	Grand in Si Sa	DK Gr. 9r.		Ell		
0.7-2.9'	SiSa	Yel. Br.	Concrete, but Br. Marker (Lin.)			
119- 3.4	- Sa	OKYN, OY				
0.71.51	Si Sa	V. Dk. Gr. BY	Rod Mr., Marjou (Ex.)	Feature Fill		
1.5-\$.2'	si Sa	Yel. Dir.	Profess feet IV, Elegants, Blacker, Bla	Feeline 1711		
5.2 - 6.1'	21.20	10 YA 3/2	Roll Of Markey.	Feature Fill		
6.2'-6.4'	Concrete (No remaron	10 YR 7/11 1. Gr.	concrete,	Feature Floor		
relative to ground	surface					
General Notes: (Note If cult, material retained, and if soil samples are taken.)  Logous 3+4 outside teadure  Logous 5,6+7 habile teadure  Lower 9 6.4-7 SSS (0 48 5/6 V.) Air						
	<u> </u>		7 1			
		Photos				
		Notebook	Notebook			
	SUPERVISOR:  NR  DEPTH *  0 - 0.2'  0.2' - 0.7'  0.7 - 2.9'  1.9 - 3.4'  0.7 - 2.9'  1.5 - 5.2'  5.2 - 6.1'  6.2' - 6.4'  relative to ground	SUPERVISOR: EXCAVATOR:  WG  DEPTH DESCRIPTION  0-0.2' Asphall  0.2'-0.7' Gravel in Si Sa  0.7-2.9' Si Sa  1.9-3.4' Sa  0.7-1.5' Si Sa  1.5-5.2' Si Sa  5.2-6.1' Si Sa  6.2'-6.4' Concerly  (No rentarious and if	SUPERVISOR: EXCAVATOR: SCREENED  INR NG NO  PHY:  DEPTH * DESCRIPTION COLOR  0 - 0.2' Ashall Blk  0.2' - 0.7' Grand in S. Sa 10 4R 4/2  DK Gr. 8t.  0.7 - 2.9' Si Sa 10 4R 3/2  1.9 - 3.4' Sa 10 4R 3/2  1.5 - 5.2' Si Sa 10 4R 3/2  1.6.2 - 6.1' Si Sa 10 4R 3/2  (No rentoring) Lt. Gr.  relative to ground surface  : [Note If cult. material retained, and if soil sumples are taken  Loyer 9 6.4 Si Sa 10 4R  Photos	SUPERVISOR: EXCAVATOR: SCREENED? DATE:  NR WG SCREENED? DATE:  JO 3 Sept. 03  DATE:  JO 3 Sept. 03  DATE:  JO 3 Sept. 03  DATE:  JO 98 28  DESCRIPTION COLOR CULT. MAT.  O - 0.2' As hall Blk  O.2'-0.7' Grand in Si Sa 10 48 42  DK GV. 94.  O.7-1.9' Si Sa 10 48 574 Concacte, Bd Br, Marker Utie.)  1.9-3.4' Sa 10 48 46  DATE:  JO 98 28  LO 98 372 Rod 86, Marker Utie.)  1.5-5.2' Si Sa 10 48 372 Rod 86, Marker Utie.)  JO 98 276 Rod 86, Marker Utie.)  JO 98 276 Rod 86, Marker Utie.)  Layer 3 4 Outside Teacher  Layer 3 4 Outside Teacher  Layer 3 4 Outside Teacher  Layer 9 6.4-? Si Sa 10 48 576 Val. 84.  Photos		

### SURVEY RECORD SHEET: Postholes, Auger holes, Shovel tests

PROJECT :	(00 Jan	11.		COORDINA	TES :	6'×	381	
SITE :	SUPERVISOR	1 :	EXCAVATOR:	SCREENED	?	DAT	E:	TEST TYPE
	มหิ 	•	MG	Sample	r 4	35	Gopt. 03	87 2
STRATIGR	АРНҮ:		(E)					
LAYER	DEPTH *	1	DESCRIPTION	COLOR	(	ULT. N	ИАТ.	NOTES
1	0 - 0,2'		phald	10 YR 2/1 1816		Asplud	(dic)	Parting but Sursice
2	02~ 0.4°		and in Si Ja	DKG BY			(in.)	नि॥
3 ,.	0.4 - 1.21	Redi	o. Englin	1 of 64	And t	ndt	(dire)	Fill
4	121 - 461		SiSa	1242 419 24 84				Fill
5	4.6 - 6.0	Red 9	r. teags in Sa	10 18 213	Red	Brick	(lle.)	
6	C0-5		Si Sa	10 H 3/4				Subsail
7	3.1-*		21,20	18 4R 3/2	Red D	web, G	d'erre	Form HII
8								
* Give depth	s relative to ground	surfac	ce					
General Motes: (Note if cult, material retained, and if soil samples are taken.)  Stopped CG3 ft.  Tous Feature found Spatting Cx. 2.04 (Dry Loid Stone)								
Cross Refs :						_		
Plan	7			Photos				
Section				Notebook				

PROJECT :	100 Jay	17.	COORDINATES : 15x 8				
SITE :	SUPERVISOR :	EXCAVATOR:	SCREENED No	? DATE:	TEST TYPE AND NO. : B/3		
STRATIGE	APHY:						
LAYER	DEPTH *	DESCRIPTION	COLOR	CULT, MAT.	NOTES		
1	0-0.2	Asphall	10 42 2/1 B/K	As phall (chir)	Phrylot		
2	02-1,1	worken heat		Radde, Plastic (dist.) Redder + Norther	FM		
3	1.1'- 6.0	Rod Br. + Naplar in Si Sa Fina Sand	Yel Bu	(dir )	Buildow French		
4	1.1 - 4.61	Fine Sand	10 YR 416 IK W. Ar	had be. (dire.)	FII		
5	1.6'-?	The Sue	0 YA 5/6		Subgoi'l		
6							
7							
8							
* Give depths	relative to ground	surface			200		
General Notes: (Note if cult, material retained, and if soil samples are taken.)  Stopped © 6.5 H.							
Cross Refs:	<del></del>						
Pian			Photos				
Section , Note				Notebook			

### SURVEY RECORD SHEET : Postholes, Auger holes, Shovel tests

PROJECT :	10	O Jay ST.  EXCAVATOR:	COORDINAT	res: 25 x 7	
SITE :	SUPERVISOR :	EXCAVATOR:	SCREENED	DATE:	TEST TYPE
	WR	B6-		9.4103	AND NO. :
STRATIGRA	APHY:	*			-
LAYER	DEPTH •	DESCRIPTION	COLOR	CULT. MAT.	NOTES
1	0 -02	Asphatt	10g, 2/1 Black	NCM	Asplant
3 . 4	0.2'-04		10 yr 3/2 4 y Dhar Bu	tı.	Fill
3	0.4-1.01	Si My Sum	10, reali	$u^{*}$	Fill
41 4	1.0'-2.41	Silty Sano	Objetor	17	Fill
5	2.4.4.1	Sano	Dyr5/6	$t_{l}$	SUBSUL
6	Sce Below	· Sand	OKYEL Br	Gless holler, Greak	Feature Fill
7					
8/7					
• Give depth:	s relative to ground	surface			
General Notes: (Note if cult. material retained, and if soil samples are taken.)					
10 yr 41 or 9 it East \$3.5' of Menold  Cartifacts Sumples) to 15 layers 4+5					
Cross Refs: Bruno Cavallo F.					
Plan	Druno	Forallo 4.	'Photos		
Section			Notebook	N.	

PROJECT :	1	00 JAG 17	COORDINATES: 42/X 7/			
SITE :	SUPERVISOR :	EXCAVATOR:	SCREENED ///	DATE:	TEST TYPE AND NO. :	
	LU i	135	79	1/1/1.	375	
STRATIGRA	APHY:					
LAYER	DEPTH •	DESCRIPTION	COLOR	CULT. MAT.	NOTES	
1	0-0.1	Asplus	10q,211 Bljs	pru	Asplinet	
2	0.1'-0.3		10gx 4/2 26 x 65 10gx 3/1	17	Fill	
3	03'- 0-7'	Silty Sani	12 6:50	. 11	Fill	
4	2.7'-2.8"	FIRE SOUND	104. 4/4 104. 5/4	11	Fill	
5	7.8'- 5.0"	Fine Sour	104,56	11	Sursoil	
6	1.01447	Fine Saup	10915/4 1181	Boke jalsis,	(Fenture) Fill	
7			1			
8		·				
• Give depth:	relative to ground	surface				
General Notes : (Note if cult. material retained, and if soil samples are taken.)						
Feature 11 Brains 3.3' To 4.4' (09' OF 5.11						
Cross Refs :						
·Plan			Photos			
Section			Notebook			

### SURVEY RECORD SHEET: Postholes, Auger holes, Shovel tests

PROJECT :			COORDINATES: 12 / A /			
100 016 31.			COORDINATES: 13/8			
SITE :	SUPERVISOR :	EXCAVATOR:	SCREENED	? DATE:	TEST TYPE AND NO. :	
	un	BU	1/4"	9/5	BT G	
STRATIGR.	APHY:					
LAYER	DEPTH *	DESCRIPTION	COLOR	CULT. MAT.	NOTES	
1	0-0.1	Asphul	10g-2/1	.DCM	ASOLUT	
2	0.1'-03	Silly Sans	109-3/2	+ Digramorn	Fill	
3	03'-0.41	Silty Supp	10/1 3/1	Br Syllping pears	Fill	
4	0.91-511	Simp	100-116 0 A 701 A	1.1	KIL	
5	B.1'-7.0'	Fin Sann	104,416 Preje/Br	NEM	Subsail	
6	0.9'.5.7'	Sitty Samo	1091312 MOLORBA	12 50 Buch was	~ Fill	
7					,	
8		•				
• Give depth	s relative to ground	surface			•	
General Note	s : (Note if cult. r	naterial retained, and if soil sa	imples are takei	n.)	•	
Cross Refs:						
Cross Refs :			<del>-</del>		-	
Plan			Photos			
Section			Notebook			

PROJECT: 100 Jay St., Blocklyn			COORDINATES: 24 x 8/			
SITE :	SUPERVISOR:		SCREENED	00.00	TEST TYPE AND NO. :	
·			]		B.1. 1	
STRATIGR.	APHY:					
LAYER	DEPTH •	DESCRIPTION	COLOR	CULT. MAT,	NOTES	
1	6 0.1	rkphalt	1078 711	Asplate (din)	Ating Lat	
2	0.1-0.3	Silly Soul of great	A March IA	Red Brick (Ass)	ฟิเ	
3	63'-[.6	Sity Sout w Rad Aile Marker, Cabinos, ot.	IN O W.	And such ; Alexandria	Fill	
4	1.6 - 5.0	Frus Sons Willeh	at Yal Bi-	Metal (din.)	Fi'll	
5	εα − ;	File Sout	Ye/ 191.		submil	
6	0.5 - 4.0 <sup>1</sup>	sity sund w/	10 4A 311 V. Dk. Gr.	Char Bally Coyanic insologi Mills God Consumer	Fill of Collar from Ildg.	
7		<u> </u>		300 100,0000 19 100		
8						
* Give depth	s relative to ground	l surface		9		
General Note	Stopper ( -					
Login. 6 only on Si side of Tranch.						
Cross Refs :						
Plan			Photos			
Section	*		Notebook			

### SURVEY RECORD SHEET: Postholes, Auger holes, Shovel tests

		- 2 2				
PROJECT: 100 JAY 59			COORDINATES : 14 × 8			
SITE :	SUPERVISOR :	EXCAVATOR:	SCREENED ? DATE :		TËST TYPE	
	MR	Br	1/9"	1/5	AND NO. :	
STRATIGR	APHY:					
LAYER	DEPTH •	DESCRIPTION	COLOR	CULT. MAT.	NOTES	
1	0-0.11	ASPHALT	103,-211 Blk	New	Asptrolt	
2	0.1'03'	Silty Saup	No 2/2	Back	Fill	
3	0.3'-6.7	Sitter Sano	1/2	Brick, notal, every (Building	Fill	
4	0.7-60	-Saud	day 1/16	of The Mes,	Fill	
5	6.0'-8.5'?	Fire Sunp	104,516	LOCA1	SuBsoil	
6			/			
7						
8						
• Give depth	s relative to ground	surface	18		,	
General Note	s : (Note if cult, r	naterial retained, and if soil sa	imples are taker	1.)		
8. 5 6 Bottom of transit						
Cross Refs :				<del></del>	i	
Plan	T .		Photos			
Section			Notebook			

### APPENDIX 1 CONTEXT NUMBERING AND PROVENIENCE LABELING

A field recording system which encompasses a variety of conditions and situations is optimal for any archaeological project. Among these situations are the size of the project, the number of different field techniques and the number of expected artifacts. The field recording system used was developed by Greenhouse Consultants and was based on modifications of other accepted systems.

All contexts are numbered in the field and these numbers are applied to the artifacts. The formet for numbering is XX-9999.99 where X is alphanumeric and 9 is numeric. The alphanumeric characters to the left of the hyphen are the prefix. The two digits to the right of the decimal point are used only when it is necessary to refer to strata within a context. The four digits between the prefix and decimal subdivision may be called the base code.

The prefix is a two character designation of the project parcel. The four digit numeric base code can be divided into two parts; the first digit being separate from the last three. The first numeric digit indicates the type of field technique used. The codes are as follows:

1000: unprovenienced surface collection
2000: provenienced surface collection
3D00: shovel testing
4000: trenching
5D00: excavation units
6000: feature excavation
7000: borings
8000:
9000: transects

The three digits following the technique code are unique for each location and are assigned sequentially. Decimal subdivisions may be used for techniques three through six to indicate specific strata. For example, D1-3001.02 refers to Area 1 (D1), shovel test (3), number 1 (D01), at the second layer (.D2).

APPENDIX 2
ARTIFACT INVENTORY

#### APPENIOUS 2 A. Table for National Park Service Material Culture Data Base Coding Chart: Groups, Classes and Materials

Ochre

053 Quartz

044 Shale · 040 Slate

054 Quartzite

060 Steatile

043 Schist

039 Sandstone

068 Precious stone

126 Undifferentiated stone

#### GROUPS AND CLASSES

01	KITCHEN GROUP 01 Dishes 02 Containers 03 Zableware 04 Kitchenware
02	FAUNAL/FLORAL GROUP  01 Mammolia  02 Aves  03 Reptilia  05 Pisces  09 Ethnofaunat/Zoological  16 Ethnobotanical
03	ARCHITECTURAL GROUP 01 Window glass 02 Nais 03 Spikes 04 Door & Window hardware 05 Other structural hardware 06 Construction materials
04	FURNITURE GROUP D1 Hardware 02 Materials 03 Lighting device 04 Decorative furnishings
05	ARMS GROUP 01 Projectiles 02 Cartridge case 03 Arms accessories 04 Gun parts
06	CLOTHING GROUP 91 Apparet 92 Ornamentation 93 Maxing and repair 94 Fasteners
07	PERSONAL GROUP 01 Coins 02 Keys 03 Witting paraphenalia

07

04 Grooming and hygiene

05 Personal amamentation

06 Other personal items

D8 TOBACCO PIPE GROUP

01 Kaolin pipe class

03 Smoking accessories

02 Nonkaolin pipe

5	
09	ACTIVITIES GROUP 01 Construction tools 02 Farm tools 03 Leisure activities 04 Fishing gear 05 07 Pottery class 08 Storage items 09 10 Stable and barn 11 Miscelaneous hardware 12 Specialized activities 13 Military objects 14 Housekeeping 15 Public services
10	PREHISTORIC GROUP 01 Hunting and fishing activities 02 Domestic activities 03 Stone working 04 Wood working 05 Digging tools 06 Other fabricating or processing fools 07 Other general utility tools 08 Ceremonial & ornamental 09 Miscellaneous
11	SAMPLES Charcoal samples for radiocarbon dating Flotation samples light fraction heavy fraction Soil samples
98	UNSPECIFIED GROUP

#### MATERIALS - COMMON LIST (CLASSIFIED) INORGANIC MATERIALS ORGANIC MATERIALS CERAMIC CELLULOSIC 001 Porcelain 115 Bark 002 Stoneware 108 Burloo 003 Earthenware 128 Charcoal 092 Cork 004 Whiteware/konstone/granite 134 Undifferentiated ceramic 087 Cotton 131 Fiberboard/masonite CLAY 085 Hemp 011 Paper D47 Ckgv 062 Kaolin 006 Wood 079 Red clay 121 Cellulose seeds/ seed covering CONSTRUCTION 069 Brick CONSTRUCTION: 071 Cement 093 Asphait 070 Mortar 125 Formica 072 Plaster 101 Linoleum 102 Tar paper GLASS 013 Milk oloss WAX 078 Gloss 076 Wax 112 Slag and clinker GUMRESIN METALS 010 Rubber, elastic 005 Tin 009 Rubber, hard 019 Silver 021 Gold PETROCHEMICALS 026 Cupious metal 073 Carbon 028 Ferrous alloy 095 Coal 029 Aluminum 048 Graphite G32 Steel 116 Tar 034 Lead 035 Chrome **PROTEIN** 118 Chitin (arthropod, exoskeleton) 096 Mercury 136 Undifferentiated metal 106 Felt 122 Flesh STONE 016 Hair 129 Agate 117 Keratin (horns/fingernat/claws) 075 Asbestos 015 Leather 107 Slik 133 Chalk 052 Chert 090 Sponge, natural 042 Granite 105 Wool 046 Gravel COMBINATION MATERIALS 109 Jet 038 Limestone 017 Bone 041 Marble 132 Ivory 049 Mica 067 Peorl 058 Obsidion 089 Shell 057

SYNTHETIC MATERIALS

091 Sponge, synthetic

151 Undifferentiated textile

103 Celluloid

104 Synthetic

TEXTILE

088 Nylon

008 Plastic 077 Soap

#### APPENDIX 2 B. Table for Data Base Coding Charl; Groups and Classes

#### GROUPS AND CLASSES

01 KITCHEN

01 Dishos 02 Containers Bottle glass fragments 03 Tableware Eating utensits 04 Kitchenware Cooking utensils, pot, kettle 02 FAUNAL/FLORAL GROUP D1 Mammalia Mamma! D2 Aves Blid 03 Reptilio Rectile 04 Amphibio Amonibian 05 Pisces 09 Other ethnofounal/zoological Oyster, crab, egg shells 16 Ethnobotanical Soods, nuts 03 ARCHITECTURAL GROUP 01 Window glass Window pane alass 02 Noës Noils 03 Soikes Rallroad spikes 04 Door & Window hardware Doorknob, door hinge 05 Other Structural hardware Pipe, fireplace tiles Bé Construction materials Brick, mortar, roofing 04 FURNITURE GROUP 01 Hardware Handle, drawer pull, latch 02 Materials Stove parts, chair part, bedframe 03 Lighting device Candlestick, lamp base 04 Decorative furnishings Flowerpot, clock parts, vase

06 CLOTHING GROUP 01 Apparel 02 Ornamentation 03 Making and Repair **04 Fasteners** 

07 PERSONAL GROUP 01 Coins

05 ARMS GROUP

01 Projectiles

04 Gun parts

02 Conidae case

03 Arms occessories

02 Keys 03 Writing paraphernalia 04 Grooming & hygiene 05 Personal ornamentation 06 Other personal items

SAMPLE ADDIEGOIS Plate, cup, salt cellar .

Shot, bullets Carridge Gun flints, bullet molds, powder horn Pistol barrel, flintlock assembly

Hat, coat, scarves, glove, shoe Beads, sequin, hatpin, feather Thimble, straight pln, scissors Buttons, snaps, buckles, cufflink

Coins Door lock keys, padlock keys Quill, fountain pen nib, graphite pencil Hairbrush, razor, mirror, tweezers Jewelry, ribbon, ornamental comb Pocket watch, key chain, pocket knife

#### GROUPS AND CLASSES

08 TOBACCO PIPE GROUP 01 Kaolin pipe 05 Nonkaolin pipe Oá Smokina accessories -

> ACTIVITIES GROUP 01 Construction tools 02 Form took 03 Leisure activities

04 Fishing gear 06 ---

07 Pottervickass 08 Storage Items

10 Stable and barn 11 Miscellaneous hardware 12 Specialized activities

13 Military objects 14 Housekeeping

15 Public services

PREHISTORIC GROUP 01 Hunting and Fishing 02 Domestic

03 Stone working 04 Wood working

05 Digging Tools 06 Other fabricating or processing tools

D7 Other general utility tools 08 Ceremonial & ornamental

09 Miscollaneous

Kaolin pipe Correcto pipe Snuff fin. cuspidor, tobacco fin. pipe cleaner

Axe head, dill bit, saw, pointbrush Hoe, rake, plow blade Marbles, jew's harp, doll parts Fish hooks, sinkers, crab trap

Indian water for, efficy pot Crock, barrel staves, sacks

Stirrup, horseshoe, rein, harness bett Rope, bolts, nuts, washers, chain Button blanks, metalluralc debris, saggars Insignia, bayonets Broom, coat hanger, washboard Sewer pipe, water pipe

Projectile point, atalti hook Vessel, mortar, pestle Hammerstone, baton, flake, core Cett, grooved axe

Drill, chisel, needle

Knife, prismatic blade, chopper Sheet, gorget, bead Function unknown

#### APPENDIX 2

### C. Table for Data Base Coding Chart: Prehistoric Artifacts - Class and Morphology

<b>3</b>	,
Class 01: Hunting and Fishing Activities	Class O6: Other Fabricating or Processing Tools
01 - Projectile point	51 - Perforetor
O2 - Birdstone	52 - Drill
O3 - Bannerstone	53 - AW
04 - Boatstone	54 - Reamer
O5 - Fish hook	55 - Chisel
06 - Netsinker	56 - Microperforator
07 - Atlati hook	57 - Needle
	58 - Graver
Class O2: Domestic Activities	
	Class O7: General Utility Tools
13 - vessel	
14-mortar	67 - Knife
15 - pestle	68 - Side scraper
16 - muller	69 - Core scraper
17 - groundstone fragment	70 - Stemmed end scraper
	71 - Other end scraper
A	73 - Prismetic blade
Class O3: Stone Working	74 - Chopper
04 11	75 - Utilized/Retouched flake
21 - Hammerstone .	76 - Pitted pebble
22 - Baton 23 - Tine	77 - Gouge
24 - Splinter	78 - Maul
25 - Drift or "punch"	79 - Abrader
26 - Anvil	80 - Whetstone 81 - Biface
27 - Fleke, primary .	82 - Adze
28 - Flake, secondary	83 - Distolateral scraper
29 - Bifacial thinning flake	84 - Bifacial end scraper
3D - Core	85 - Bifacial scraper
31 - Blank	oo anadd oo dpa
32 - Tested piece	
	Class OB: Ceremonial & Omamental Objects
Class 04: Wood Working	85 - Angled pipe
	86 - Tube
37 - Celt	87 - Platform pipe
38 - Grooved axe	88 - Cloud blower pipe
39 - Spokeshave	89 - Sheet
	90 - Plates
	91 - Comb
Class 16: Ethnobotanical	92 - Bead
0	93 - Gorget
Seeds	Hematita
Nuts	Ochre

### APPENDIX 2

### D. Table for Data Base Coding Chart: Ambiguous Items of Material Culture

Note: The items listed below may be ambiguous or hard to place in a taxonomic category, but as a convention, for inventory purposes, will be coded as follows:

Unidentified wood fragments	98	00	006
Construction wood	03	06	006
Pegs, Wood planks	03	06	006
Twigs, branches	09	16	006
Burned wood (partial)	Code as	wood {above	e) and put "burnt wood" in the comments
	section		
Charcoal and all small fragments			
of completely burnt wood	Code as	charcoal	
Coal	98	00	095
Slag, burned coal, vitrified			
metalworking or manufacturing			
by-products	98	00	112
Pantiles	03	06	003
Delft fireplace tiles, wall skirting, etc.	04	04	003
Porcelain bathroom tiles, other bathroom			•
furniture (tub, toilet, etc.)	03	05	001
-			
Chamber pot	04	02	<del>0</del> 0-
Share in the state of the state			
Flowerpot	04	04 002	00-
Teeth	00		450
Fish scales	02	-	132
Coral	02	09	118
	04	04	119
Eggshell	05	09	119
Seeds, seed covering	02	16	121
Schist (construction)	00	OC.	040
Schist (unidentified)	03 98	06	043
acrist (dilidentified)	30	00	043
Red brick	03	06	169
Yellow brick	03	06	155
Linoleum	03	D6	101
en ocarri	00	00	101
Metal hardware (probably construction)	03	06	()
Furniture hardware	03	01	Ω
Miscellaneous hardware (other and unidentified	09	11	0
including screws, car parts)	03	1.1	
Leather shoe parts	06	<b>D</b> 1	015
Unidentified leather scraps	98	00	015
Leather personal items	07	0	015
	٠,	44	515

#### 100 JAY STREET LOTS 24, 26 and 27 KINGS COUNTY, NEW YORK ARTIFACT INVENTORY

	Context Gp			Identity :	Count	Weight	Comments	Reference	Range	Cat ===
<b>.</b> _	** Context 4 4006.06 01	4006.06 02	800	Bottle band	1	0.0	White plastic STA-FAST/NE in diamond			5
	4006.06 01	02	800	Bottle band	1		Y/STERILIZED Red band over white band SQLID SET/TRADEMARK/STERILIZED/N.Y.U			5
	4006.06 01	02 006	078	Milk bottle	1		:S.A. Complete Clear			5
	4006.06 07	03 013	078	Ink bottle	1	0.0	Embossed 4//1 QT/SHEFFIELD//SHEFFIELD/REGIST ERED/MTC Complete Clear Machine made			5
- -	** Subtotal	**			4	0.0	Cylindrical body Rolled lip	*3		
	** Context 4	007 06	•							
	4007.06 01		078	Bottle glass	1		Light aqua Cylindrical body Embossed: S. LIEBMANN'S SONS/BRC. CO/N.Y.			5
	4007.06 01	02 008	078	Bottle glass	1	0.0	Base embossed: KH 07 star Complete Clear Patent lip	Jones & Sullivan 1985:39	1904+	5
	4007.06 03 4007.06 07	05 031 04 040	001 013	Insulator Jar	1	0.0	Philadelphia oval base Embossed "Brockway/7' Machine made Embossed: RT & SLO? Milk glass	Fike 1987:174	est. 1 <del>9</del> 06+	6
<b>I</b> .	r* 6	***					Screw top Cylindrical body Base embossed: MUSTEROLE CLEVELAND			
_	* Subtotal				4	0.0			T.	
_ *	* Context 4	An ROOL								
	4008.04 01		003	Yellowware	1		Base Bowl/mug Manganese interior & exterior under clear glaze	ř		6
	4008.04 01	01	004	Ironstone	1	0.0	-0.00			6
	4008.04 01			Bottle glass	1		Emerald Cylindrical body Embossed: G.V DEMOTT/5 stars/DEM			6
	4008.04 01	02 004	078	Bottle glass	1	0.0	Complete Light green Cylindrical body Blob lip Embossed: CREAM	•	,	6
	4008.04 01	02	078	Bottle glass	1	0.0	SODA//F.K./1860/BROOKLYN . Two piece mold Complete Aqua Blob lip Two piece mold CVlindrical body			6
	4008.04 01	02 002	078	Bottle glass	1	0.0	Cylindrical body Embossed: M.B & CO./145/WEST 357H ST./NY/1861 Complete Emerald Blob lip Squat cylindrical body Embossed: J. HUBENER/BROOKLYN//PHILADELPHIA /XXX/PORTER & ALE	Spillman 1983:56	1840-1875	6

#### 100 JAY STREET LOTS 24, 26 and 27 KINGS COUNTY, NEW YORK ARTIFACT INVENTORY

_	Context	Gp	CL N	lph	Mat	Identity	Count		Comments	Reference	Range	Cat
		-										===
-	** Subto	tal	**			,, -						
_							6	0.0	¥			
	** Conte 6001.01			.01	001	Porcelain	1	0.0				
-	6001.01	01	01 0	104	004	Hotelware	1	0.0	Cup 50%			
	6001.01	01	02		002	Stoneware	1	0.0	Handle broken Lid w/finial			
						Bottle glass	1		Bristol glaze, sponged blue			
	0001.01	O i	02 0	.00	010	AND DATE OF STATE OF	1	0.0	Complete		(-	
			9			* 1. *			w/cork Two piece vertical mold			
			. :		191				w/separate base Philadlephia oval			
								•	Prescription lip Embossed: M. & S.	~		
									ARENSBERG/Wholesale and Retail			
	6001.01	01	02		078	Bottle glass	1	0.0	Oruggists/BROOKLYN, NEW YORK Complete			
									Clear Machine made			
									Cylindrical body, base & neck Club sauce finish			
	6001.01	01	02 0	106	078	Milk bottle	1	0.0	w/partial cork Clear			
									Embossed: 4/SHEFFIELD/REG-U S-PAT. OFF./1 QT//4/SHEFFIELD			
									FARMS CO INC/SHEFFIELD/REG-U			
	6001.01	01	04 0	04	033	Kettle	1	0.0	S-PAT.OFF./NEW YORK Lid w/handle			
	4001 OF	~7	04.0		^7^				White ename! Rusted			
	6001.01			101	U/U	Mortar	1	0.0	Surface embedded w/circular porcelain tiles			
	** Subto	tal	**				8	0.0				
	** Conte	xt (	5002.	07						•		
	6002.07 6002.07	01	01		001	Porcelain Redware	1	0.0	Clear glaze interior			3
	6002.07					Staffordshire?	1		Unglazed exterior Rim mug/bowl			
	6002.07					Pearlware	,		Iron oxide streaked interior			3
	6002.07 6002.07	01	01 0	04	004	Ironstone	į	0.0	Spall Cup rim			3
	6002.07	01	01		004	Ironstone Ironstone	į	0.0	Underglaze transfer print blue Spall			3 3 4 4
				-		Ironstone	1	(*)	Plate brim? Underglaze transfer print red			4
	6002.07 6002.07	01	01 0	04 31	004 004	Ironstone Ironstone	1	0.0	Cup rim Handle broken off		b •	4
	6002.07 6002.07	OΤ	02		078	Container glass Container glass	2 1	0.0	Brown Lime green			4 2 2 2 2
	6002.07	01	02		078	Bottle glass	Š	0.0	Clear Embossed letters			ž
	6002.07	01	02		078	Bottle glass	1		Clear			. 2
	6002.07	01	02		078	Bottle glass	1	0.0	Molded Base			2
									Clear Ovoid			
_	6002.07	01	02		078	Container glass	1	0.0	Embossed letters Opaque aqua			2
-	6002.07	01	02		078	Bottle glass	1	0.0	Lìp Keliv green			2
	6002.07	01	02		078	Bottle glass	1	0.0	Downtooled lip Olive green			2
_	6002.07 6002.07	01	02		078	Container glass Container glass	1	0.0	Clear		•	3
	6002.07 6002.07	Ŏi	02		שיש	Container glass	į	ŏ.ŏ	Pale aqua tint Light green tint Mammal			3 3 1
	6002.07 6002.07	02	01	j	017	Bone Teeth	]	0.0	Mammal molars			1
_	6002.07	02	04	ŀ	U17	Bone	1	0.0	Avian?			-

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# 100 JAY STREET LOTS 24, 26 and 27 KINGS COUNTY, NEW YORK ARTIFACT INVENTORY

E	Context Gp Cl Mph		Count		Comments	Reference	Range	Cat ===
_	6002.07 02 09 6002.07 03 01 001 6002.07 03 06	089 Shell 078 Flat glass 006 Construction wood	1 2 1		Oyster Light green tint			1 2 1
	6002.07 03 06 012 6002.07 03 06 015 6002.07 04 01 017 6002.07 04 02 018	041 Tile 069 Brick 028 Hook	1 1 1 1	0.0	White glazed Red Screw-in Clear			4 1 1 2
	6002.07 09 03 6002.07 09 03 022 6002.07 09 11 012 6002.07 09 11 6002.07 98 ** Subtotal **	078 Orb 103 Film 025 Wire 028 Metal bar 095 Coal	1 1 1 1 2	0.0 0.0	Ridged Dark blue Leader Cuprous Corroded			3 1 1 1 1
	** Contact 4007 01		41	0.0		<u>.</u>		
	** Context 6003.01 6003.01 01 01 001 6003.01 01 01 001	001 Porcelain 004 Ironstone	1		Plate Plate Partial maker's mark			4 4
	6003.01 01 01 042	078 Mug	1	0.0	underglaze stamped black Clear glass			4
1	6003.01 01 02 008	078 Bottle glass	2	0.0	Press paneled/diamond Mend Pale aqua Ovoid base Downtooled lip Cup bottom mold 2-piece vertical mold Shoulders embossed:	Jones & Sullivan 1985:28	ca. 1850-1920s	4
	6003.01 01 02 008	078 Bottle glass	1	0.0	SACHEVALIERS//OR THE HAIR Aqua Ovoid base Sloppily applied downtooled lip	Jones & Sullivan 1985:27	ca. 1750-1880	4
	6003.01 07 03 013	078 Ink bottle	1		Two-piece mold Complete Aqua 8-paneled Umbrella ink Rolled lip w/pontil			5
	** Subtotal **		7	0.0	as polici c			
	** Context 6004.01 6004.01 01 01 6004.01 01 02	004 Ironstone 078 Bottle glass	1	0.0 0.0	Clear Molded rings exterior			5
	6004.01 02 01 ** Subtotal **	017 Bone	2	0.0	Ribs			5
_	*** Total ***		4	0.0	•			
			74	0.0				