

East Harlem Triangle Urban Renewal Area Manhattan, New York

Archaeological Testing Report CEQR #89-106M



Prepared for:
Department of Housing, Preservation and Development
City of New York
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December 1993

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Introduction

The East Harlem Triangle Housing Project consists of portions of Blocks 1791 and 1792 in Manhattan, New York. During July 1993, Greenhouse Consultants Incorporated conducted a Stage Ib archaeological survey of lot numbers 5,9,101,106 and 109 on Block 1791 in East Harlem, Borough of Manhattan. These lots were recommended for archaeological testing in the documentary study completed for the East Harlem Triangle project (Rubinson and Winter 1991:30-32). See Figure 1 for the location of the project area.

The work was undertaken for the New York City Department of Housing, Preservation and Development. Field work was conducted by Alfred Cammisa and Felicia Burgos Cammisa. Report preparation was conducted by William I Roberts IV and Alfred Cammisa who acted as co-principal investigators. Word processing and editing were done by Paula Crowley.

The general purpose of archaeological testing is to document the presence or absence of potential prehistoric and/or historic archaeological resources through the use of physical testing techniques. The specific purpose of this testing was to provide evidence of the presence or absence of two categories of potential archaeological resources on this block. The most recent category consists of features associated with late nineteenth century residences. Expected features included privies as well as cisterns or sells, which would be located at or near the present surface. The older category consists of prehistoric resources.

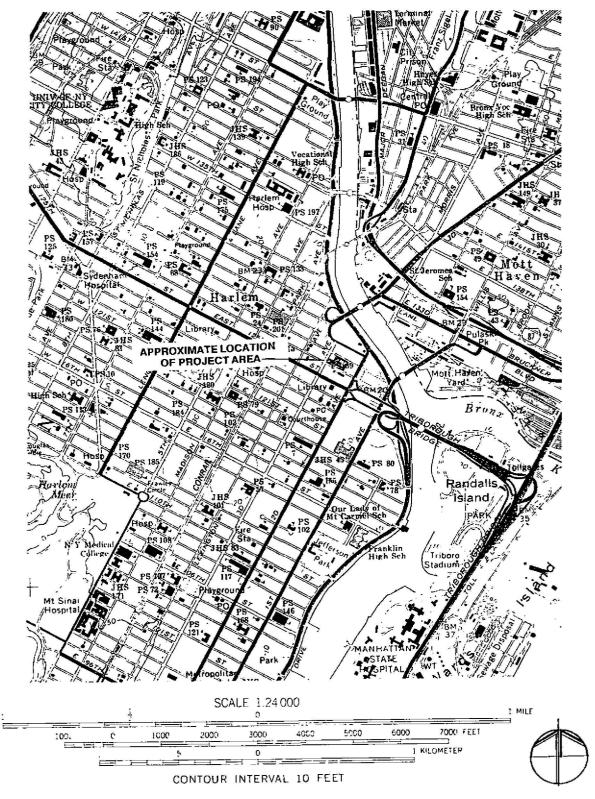


Figure 1 Location of the project area shown on portion of U.S.G.S. 7.5 minute series Central Park, N.Y.-N.J. quadrangle, 1966 photorevised 1979.

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Methodology

The subsurface archaeological testing of the East Harlem Triangle Project in Manhattan, New York began on July 14, 1993 and was completed on July 16, 1993. As stated in the scope-of-work for this testing, the technique used to examine buried deposits and thereby determine the presence or absence of archaeological resources was the mechanical excavation of trenches. A total of six trenches were excavated by backhoe (see Figure 2), the results of which were closely monitored by archaeologists. This testing strategy was approved by the staff of the New York City Landmarks Preservation Commission.

The use of mechanical means of excavation expedites the removal of large quantities of fill. A total of approximately 6,210 cubic feet of soil were removed from the trenches, the dimensions of which varied from 20 feet to 50 feet long, 5 feet to 7 feet wide, and 5.0 to 6.0 feet deep.

Trench 1 was located at the rear of Lots 5 and 106 on Block 1791 which faced East 126th Street. It measured approximately 50 feet east-west by 5 feet north-south by 5 feet deep.

Trench 2 was located near the center of Lots 5 and 106 on Block 1791. It also measured approximately 50 feet east-west by 5 feet north-south by 5 feet deep.

Trench 3 was placed near the center of Lots 9 and 109 on Block 1791 which faced East 126th Street and measured about 35 feet east-west by 5 feet north-south by 5 feet deep. The scope-of-work showed the proposed location of Trench 3 as staggered, with the 17.5 foot long portion to the west (within Lot 9) approximately 10 feet closer to East 126th Street than the portion to the east (within Lot 109). The western portion was moved back 10 feet when the backhoe revealed that the original location was within a filled cellar.

Trench 4 lay to the rear of Lots 9 and 109 on Block 1791 East 126 Street and measured the same as Trench 3.

Trenches 5 and 6 lay near the center of Lot 101 on Block 1791 which faced Third Avenue and measured about 20 feet north-south by 6-7 feet east-west by 6 1/2 feet deep.Only 10 feet separated the two trenches.

Soil samples were selectively removed from the layers encountered. The soil was randomly screened through 1/4 inch mesh by stratum. All debris were examined for historic potential.

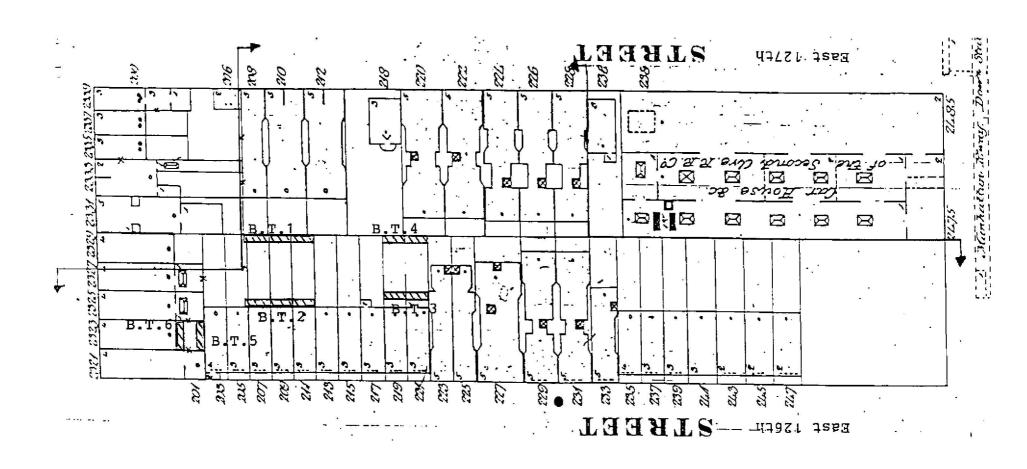


Figure 2 Locations of Backhoe Trenches shown on portion of the 1894 Sanborn Map of Block 1791. Approximate Scale 100 feet = 1.5 inches. Trenches indicated by hatchure.





Areas that were not screened included any stratum that contained abundant modern debris. Soil strata were measured, described, and recorded for all trenches. All trenches were backfilled immediately following excavation and the recording of data.

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Stratigraphic Summary

A total of 6 backhoe trenches numbered 1 through 6 were excavated within Block. See Figure 2 for the locations of these trenches, and Plates 1 through 6 for illustrations of them.

No prehistoric features of artifacts were encountered in any of the excavated trenches. No significant deposits of historic artifacts were found in the six trenches.

Stratigraphy can be summarized as follows:

Trenches 1 through 6 had fill and rubble from the surface to approximately 3 to 4 1/2 feet below surface

Trenches 1 through 4 had an original, intact soil of 7.5YR4/6-5/8 sand with river cobbles from 3 1/2 to 4 feet to the bottom of the trench at 5 1/2 feet below surface. Trench 3 had an additional stratum of 10YR5/6 sandy loam of probable river deposit, overlying the basal stratum (of 7.5YR 4/6 sand). Trench 3, levels 7 and Trench 4, level 4 had dark stains with some ash remains. This seems to represent a small fire that had occurred here and is associated with modern debris.

Trench 5 had a fill rubble stratum from 0 to 6 1/2 feet below surface. This might have been the remains of an old basement. The backhoe could not excavate deeper than 6 1/2 feet to locate the undisturbed soil.

Trench 6 had a fill and rubble stratum from 0 to about 4 feet below surface. The underlying, undisturbed soil was a 10YR 4/3 sandy loam with river cobbles and gravel.

Features

Trench 1: A stone lot wall, located on the lot line. It is about 18 inches wide and was exposed in the west section of the trench (Figure 3). The wall was encountered at about 3 feet below surface and continued down to the bottom of the trench. It ran in a north-south direction. No historic artifacts were found associated with this feature. See Plate 1 for a view of Backhoe Trench with this wall.

Trench 2: A brick wall with mortar over it was exposed in the north wall in the western portion of the trench (Figure 3). It was exposed from about one foot below surface to the bottom of the trench. Approximately six feet of the wall was exposed before it continued beyond the end of the trench. This wall was most likely the rear wall of the structure occupying this lot. Perhaps this building was expanded after the 1894 Sandborn map was published. No historic artifacts were found here.

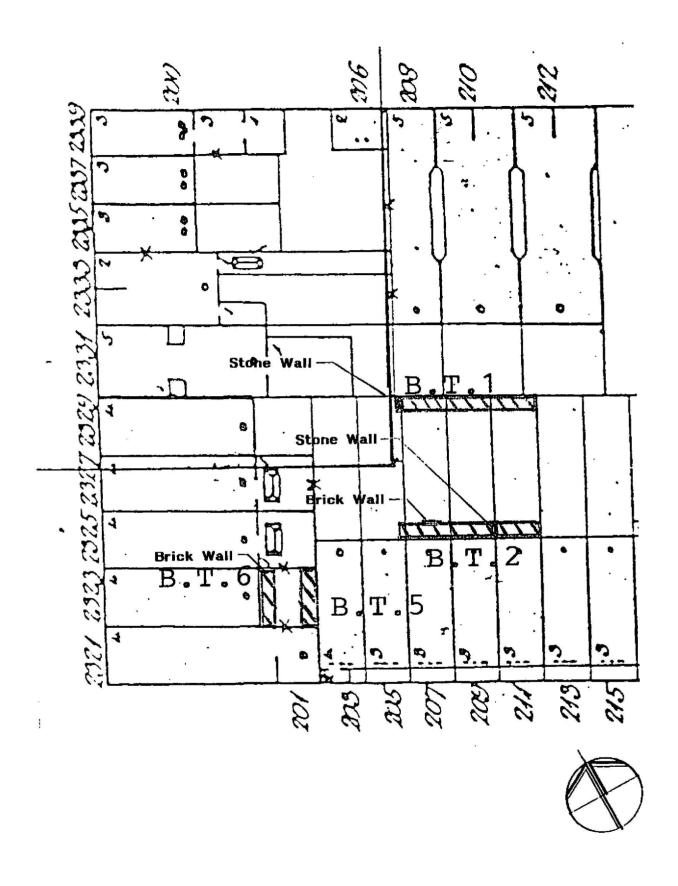


Figure 3 Locations of walls found within Backhoe Trenches 1, 2 and 6, shown on portion of 1894 Sanborn map. Approximate Scale: 100 feet = 3 inches.



A second feature was exposed which consisted of a stone lot wall. This was also located along a lot line (Figure 3). It was exposed from three feet below surface to the bottom of the trench at approximately the middle of the trench. It was orientated on the north-south axis and was one foot wide. See Plate 2 for a view of Backhoe Trench 2 with this lot wall.

No historic artifacts were associated with either feature.

Trench 6: A brick wall was exposed on the north wall of this trench from just below the surface down to the bottom of the trench. It ran east-west and into the trench sidewalls (Figure 3). Since the trench was about 6 feet wide, the length was at least the same and probably longer.

No historic artifacts were found associated with this feature:



Conclusions and Recommendations

It is our conclusion that no potentially significant cultural resources were found within the six mechanically excavated test trenches. Based on this subsurface testing, we further conclude that it is highly unlikely that any significant cultural resources will be impacted by the proposed East Harlem Triangle Housing project. We recommend that no additional archaeological testing or mitigation is necessary at these locations within Block 1791 in the Borough of Manhattan, New York.



Plate 1 View of Backhoe Trench 1 looking west showing stone wall.



Plate 2 View of Backhoe Trench 2 looking east showing stone lot wall.



Plate 3 View of Backhoe Trench 3 looking east.

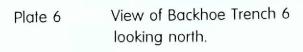


Plate 4 View of Backhoe Trench 4 looking east.





Plate 5 View of Backhoe Trench 5 looking north.







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the New York City Department of Housing Preservation and
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APPENDIX I
FIELD RECORD FORMS

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