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DISCLAIMER

PLUTO is provided by the Department of City Planning (DCP) on DCP's website for informational purposes only. DCP does not warranty the completeness, accuracy, content, or fitness for any particular purpose or use of PLUTO, nor are any such warranties to be implied or inferred with respect to PLUTO as furnished on the website.

DCP and the City are not liable for any deficiencies in the completeness, accuracy, content, or fitness for any particular purpose or use of PLUTO, or applications utilizing PLUTO, provided by any third party.

INTRODUCTION

The PLUTO Data Dictionary defines the fields in the PLUTO file and the MapPLUTO geofiles in order of the field's position in the data file.

The Data Dictionary contains the following:

- **Field Name:**

Two types of field names are included - external and internal field names.

The external field name is the common name of the field.

The internal field name, which appears in parenthesis, is the name of the field as defined in PLUTO.

- **Format:**

The format describes the type of field and the size of the field.

There are two different types of fields, alphanumeric and numeric. In PLUTO, the alphanumeric fields can contain any combination of alphabetic letters, numbers, and special characters such as hyphens. Numeric fields only contain numbers. In MapPLUTO, the alphanumeric fields are text fields and the numeric fields may be of type double, long integer, or short integer. Note that fields that are blank in PLUTO contain a null value in the ESRI MapPLUTO geofiles.

For alphanumeric fields, the size of the field is the size of the text field in MapPLUTO. For numeric fields, it is the expected maximum number of digits.

- **Data Source:**

The data source identifies the city agency and computer file or system from which the field was obtained or derived.

- **Description:**

The description includes a brief explanation of the field and, where pertinent, the valid values for the field and examples.

Field Name: **BOROUGH (Borough)**

Format: Alphanumeric - 2 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning - based on data from:
Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The borough in which the tax lot is located.

This field contains a two-character borough code.

Value	Description
BX	Bronx
BK	Brooklyn
MN	Manhattan
QN	Queens
SI	Staten Island

Two portions of the city, Marble Hill and Rikers Island, are legally located in one borough but are serviced by a different borough. The BOROUGH codes associated with these areas are the boroughs in which they are legally located.

Marble Hill is serviced by the Bronx, but is legally located in Manhattan and has a BOROUGH of MN. Rikers Island is serviced by Queens, but is legally located in the Bronx and has a BOROUGH of BX.

Field Name: **TAX BLOCK (Block)**

Format: Numeric - 5 digits (99999)

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The tax block in which the tax lot is located.

This field contains a one to five-digit tax block number.

Each tax block is unique within a borough (see BOROUGH).

Field Name: **TAX LOT (Lot)**

Format: Numeric - 4 digits (9999)

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The number of the tax lot.

This field contains a one to four-digit tax lot number.

Each tax lot is unique within a tax block (see TAX BLOCK).

Special handling for condominiums:

In a condominium complex, each condominium unit is a separate tax lot and has its own lot number. In a residential condominium, the condominium units are generally the individual apartments; in a commercial condominium, the units might be floors in an office building, individual retail shops, or blocks of office space. These unit lot numbers have values between 1001 – 6999.

Each unit tax lot has an associated billing lot number, with values between 7501 – 7599. Lots in a condominium complex on the same block will have the same billing lot number. To make condominium information more compatible with parcel information, the Department of City Planning aggregates condominium unit tax lot information to the billing lot. For example, if a residential condominium building contains 20 units, the Department of Finance will assign 20 unit lot numbers and each of these lot numbers will have the same billing lot number. PLUTO will contain one record with the billing lot number and RESIDENTIAL UNITS will be set to 20.

If the Department of Finance has not yet assigned a billing lot number to the condominium complex, PLUTO uses the lowest unit lot number within the complex.

Note on MapPLUTO: The Department of Finance Digital Tax Map (DTM) contains the geography of the base lot for condominiums. The base lot is also called the “Formerly Known As” or FKA lot. For most condominium complexes, there is one base lot per billing lot. In using the DTM to create MapPLUTO, DCP replaces the base lot number with the billing lot number. If there is more than one base lot with the same billing lot number, DCP merges the base lots to create a geography for the billing lot.

Under certain circumstances, DCP is unable to aggregate condominium unit tax lot information to the billing lot or to the lowest unit lot number. This occurs when a CONDOMINIUM NUMBER has not yet been assigned to the unit lots in PTS. In most cases, these unit lots will appear in PLUTO and in the NOT_MAPPED_LOTS table that is released with MapPLUTO. Before including these unit lots, the data is checked to verify that it pertains only to the unit lot. If unit lots have an identical address and a value for RESIDENTIAL UNITS that is greater than 1 and the same for all records, and there is no matching BBL in the DTM, they are assumed to part of the same condominium. BUILDING AREA is checked in the same way. These unit lots are removed from PLUTO and NOT_MAPPED_LOTS to avoid overcounting the number of residential units and building area.

Field Name:	COMMUNITY DISTRICT (CD)
Format:	Numeric - 3 digits (999)
Data Source:	Department of City Planning – Geosupport System Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files
Description:	The community district (CD) or joint interest area (JIA) for the tax lot. The city is divided into 59 community districts and 12 joint interest areas, which are large parks or airports that are not considered part of any community district.

This field consists of three digits, the first of which is the borough code (see BORO CODE). The second and third digits are the community district or joint interest area number, whichever is applicable.

Joint interest areas:

BOROUGH	JIA	NAME
Manhattan	164	Central Park
Bronx	226	Van Cortlandt Park
	227	Bronx Park
	228	Pelham Bay Park
Brooklyn	355	Prospect Park
	356	Gateway National Recreation Area
Queens	480	LaGuardia Airport
	481	Flushing Meadow/Corona Park
	482	Forest Park
	483	JFK International Airport
	484	Gateway National Recreation Area
Staten Island	595	Gateway National Recreation Area

Two portions of the city, Marble Hill and Rikers Island, are legally located in one borough, but serviced by a different borough. The COMMUNITY DISTRICT associated with these areas is the community district by which they are serviced.

Marble Hill is legally located in Manhattan, but is serviced by the Bronx and is divided between community districts 207 and 208. Rikers Island is legally located in the Bronx, but is serviced by Queens and is part of community district 401.

COMMUNITY DISTRICT contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, COMMUNITY DISTRICT is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: CENSUS TRACT 2020 (BCT2020)

Format: Alphanumeric - 7 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The 2020 census tract in which the tax lot is located.

This field contains a seven-digit code representing the one-digit borough code followed by the six-digit census tract number.

2020 census tracts are geographic areas defined by the U.S. Census Bureau for the 2020 Census. Census tracts are comprised of census blocks.

Each census tract is unique within a borough (see BOROUGH).

Examples:

Census Tract 4062600

Census Tract 4063200

CENSUS TRACT 2020 contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, CENSUS TRACT 2020 is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: CENSUS BLOCK 2020 (BCTCB2020)

Format: Alphanumeric - 11 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The 2020 census block in which the tax lot is located.

This field contains an eleven-digit code representing the one-digit borough code followed by the six-digit census tract number and then the four-digit census block number.

2020 census blocks are the smallest geographic areas defined by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Each census block number is unique within a census tract (see CENSUS TRACT).

Examples:

Census Block 20350001000

Census Block 30403001002

CENSUS BLOCK 2020 contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, CENSUS BLOCK 2020 is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: CENSUS TRACT 2010 (CT2010)

Format: Alphanumeric - 7 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The 2010 census tract in which the tax lot is located.

This field contains a one to four-digit census tract number, sometimes with a decimal point and a two-digit suffix.

2010 census tracts are geographic areas defined by the U.S. Census Bureau for the 2010 Census. Census tracts are comprised of census blocks.

Each census tract is unique within a borough (see BOROUGH).

Examples:
Census Tract 203.01
Census Tract 23

CENSUS TRACT 2010 contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, CENSUS TRACT 2010 is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: CENSUS BLOCK 2010 (CB2010)

Format: Alphanumeric - 5 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The 2010 census block in which the tax lot is located.

This field contains a four-digit census block number and, when applicable, a one-character alphabetic suffix.

2010 census blocks are the smallest geographic areas defined by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Each census block number is unique within a census tract (see CENSUS TRACT).

Examples:
Census Block 101A
Census Block 102

CENSUS BLOCK 2010 contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, CENSUS BLOCK 2010 is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: SCHOOL DISTRICT (SchoolDist)

Format: Alphanumeric - 2 characters

Data Source:	Department of City Planning – Geosupport System Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files
Description:	<p>The school district in which the tax lot is located.</p> <p>This field contains a two-digit school district number, which is preceded with a zero when the district number is one digit.</p> <p>The city is divided up into 34 school districts. Those districts are then divided into smaller zones which determine the area served by local schools. Each district has its own superintendent and receives guidance from a Community District Education Council made up of parents and local representatives.</p> <p>SCHOOL DISTRICT contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, SCHOOL DISTRICT is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.</p>

Field Name:	CITY COUNCIL DISTRICT (Council)
Format:	Numeric - 2 digits (99)
Data Source:	Department of City Planning – Geosupport System Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files
Description:	<p>The city council district in which the tax lot is located.</p> <p>This field contains a two-digit city council district number, which is preceded with a zero when the district number is one digit.</p> <p>There are currently 51 city council districts in the City, which serve as political districts for the legislative branch of city government.</p> <p>.</p>

Field Name:	ZIP CODE (ZipCode)
Format:	Alphanumeric - 5 characters
Data Source:	Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Description:	<p>A ZIP code that is valid for one of the addresses assigned to the tax lot.</p> <p>Note that a tax lot may have multiple addresses and these addresses may not have the same ZIP code. A building with entrances on two streets may have a different ZIP code for each street address. ZIP CODE may not be valid for the street address in ADDRESS.</p>

If a tax lot does not have an ADDRESS or the ADDRESS contains a street name without a house number, ZIP CODE will be blank.

Field Name: FIRE COMPANY (FireComp)

Format: Alphanumeric - 4 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The fire company that services the tax lot.

This field consists of four characters, the first of which is an alphabetic code identifying the type of fire company, where E stands for Engine, L stands for Ladder and Q stands for Squad. The type code is followed by a one to three- digit fire company number which is preceded with leading zeros if the company number is less than three digits.

FIRE COMPANY contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, FIRE COMPANY is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: POLICE PRECINCT (PolicePrct)

Format: Numeric - 3 digits (999)

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The police precinct in which the tax lot is located.

This field contains a three-digit police precinct number which is preceded with leading zeros if the precinct number has less than three digits.

POLICE PRECINCT contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, POLICE PRECINCT is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: HEALTH CENTER DISTRICT (HealthCenterDist)

Format: Numeric - 2 digits (99)

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System

Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The health center district in which the tax lot is located. Thirty health center districts were created by the City in 1930 to conduct neighborhood focused health interventions.

This field contains a two-digit health district number.

HEALTH CENTER DISTRICT contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, HEALTH CENTER DISTRICT is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: HEALTH AREA (HealthArea)

Format: Numeric - 4 digits (9999)

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The health area in which the tax lot is located.

Health areas were originally created in the 1920s for the purpose of reporting and statistical analysis of public health data. They were based on census tracts and created to be areas of equal population. Health areas are contained within health center districts.

This field contains a four-digit health area number, which is preceded with leading zeros when the health area is less than four digits. There is an implied decimal point after the first two digits.

HEALTH AREA contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, HEALTH AREA is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: SANITATION DISTRICT BORO (SanitBoro)

Format: Numeric - 1 digit

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The borough of the sanitation district that services the tax lot.

Value
1

Borough name
Manhattan

2	Bronx
3	Brooklyn
4	Queens
5	Staten Island

SANITATION DISTRICT BORO contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, SANITATION DISTRICT BORO is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: SANITATION DISTRICT NUMBER (SanitDist)

Format: Numeric – 2 digits

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The sanitation district that services the tax lot.

SANITATION DISTRICT NUMBER contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, SANITATION DISTRICT NUMBER is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: SANITATION SUBSECTION (SanitSub)

Format: Alphanumeric – 2 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of City Planning – Administrative District Base Map files

Description: The subsection of the sanitation district that services the tax lot.

SANITATION SUBSECTION contains the value returned by Geosupport for one of the addresses assigned to the lot. If Geosupport does not return a value, SANITATION SUBSECTION is calculated spatially using the tax lot's XY COORDINATES and DCP's Administrative District Base Map files.

Field Name: ADDRESS (Address)

Format: Alphanumeric - 28 characters

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: An address for the tax lot.

Tax lots may be assigned a single house number on a street, a range of house numbers on a street, or addresses on multiple streets. ADDRESS contains the address in PTS, using the low number when there is a range of house numbers. Some tax lots, such as vacant lots or parks, have only a street name and no house number.

A complete list of the addresses assigned to a tax lot is available through Geosupport or by downloading the Property Address Directory (PAD) from the [BYTES of the BIG APPLE™](#).

Most house numbers in Queens contain a hyphen.

Field Name: ZONING DISTRICT 1 (ZoneDist1)

Format: Alphanumeric - 9 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features

Description: The zoning district classification of the tax lot. Under the Zoning Resolution, the map of New York City is generally apportioned into three basic zoning district categories: Residence (R), Commercial (C) and Manufacturing (M), which are further divided into a range of individual zoning districts, denoted by different number and letter combinations. In general, the higher the number immediately following the first letter (R, C or M), the higher the density or intensity of land use permitted.

If the tax lot is divided by a zoning boundary line, ZONING DISTRICT 1 represents the zoning district classification occupying the greatest percentage of the tax lot's area.

For example: Tax lot 98 is divided by a zoning boundary line into part A and part B. Part A, the largest portion of the lot, is in a commercial zoning district, while part B is in a residential zoning district. ZONING DISTRICT 1 will contain the commercial zoning district associated with part A.

Tax lots that intersect with areas designated in NYC Zoning Districts as PARK, BALL FIELD, PLAYGROUND, and PUBLIC SPACE are assigned a single value of PARK in PLUTO. The NYC Zoning Districts do not constitute a definitive list of parks in the city. Lots designated as PARK should not be used to calculate the amount of open space in an area.

See SPLIT BOUNDARY INDICATOR to determine if the tax lot is divided.

Abbreviation	Description
R1-1 - R10H	Residential Districts
C1-6 - C8-4	Commercial Districts
M1-1 – M3-2	Manufacturing Districts
M1-1/R5 – M1-6/R10	Mixed Manufacturing & Residential Districts
BPC	Battery Park City
PARK	Areas designated as PARK, BALL FIELD, PLAYGROUND and PUBLIC SPACE in NYC Zoning Districts

Field Name: ZONING DISTRICT 2 (ZoneDist2)**Format:** Alphanumeric - 9 characters**Data Source:** Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features**Description:** If the tax lot is divided by zoning boundary lines, ZONING DISTRICT 2 represents the zoning classification occupying the second greatest percentage of the tax lot's area. Only zoning districts that cover at least 10% of a tax lot's area are included.

If the tax lot is not divided by a zoning boundary line, the field is blank.

For example: Tax lot 98 is divided by a zoning boundary line into part A and part B. Part A, the larger portion of the lot, is in a commercial zoning district, while part B is in a residential zoning district. ZONING DISTRICT 2 will contain the residential zoning district associated with part B.

See SPLIT BOUNDARY INDICATOR to determine if the tax lot is divided.

Field Name: ZONING DISTRICT 3 (ZoneDist3)**Format:** Alphanumeric - 9 characters**Data Source:** Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features**Description:** If the tax lot is divided by zoning boundary lines, ZONING DISTRICT 3 represents the zoning classification occupying the third greatest percentage of the tax lot's area. Only zoning districts that cover at least 10% of a tax lot's area are included.

If the tax lot is not split between three zoning districts, the field is blank.

For example: Tax lot 98 is divided by zoning boundary lines into three sections - part A, part B and part C. Part A represents the largest portion of the lot, part B is the second largest portion of the lot, and part C covers the smallest portion of the tax lot. ZONING DISTRICT 3 will contain the zoning associated with part C.

See SPLIT BOUNDARY INDICATOR to determine if the tax lot is divided.

Field Name: ZONING DISTRICT 4 (ZoneDist4)**Format:** Alphanumeric - 9 characters**Data Source:** Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features

Description: If the tax lot is divided by zoning boundary lines, ZONING DISTRICT 4 represents the zoning classification occupying the fourth greatest percentage of the tax lot's area. Only zoning districts that cover at least 10% of a tax lot's area are included.

If the tax lot is not split between four zoning districts, the field is blank.

For example: Tax lot 98 is divided by zoning boundary lines into four sections - part A, part B, part C and part D. Part A represents the largest portion of the lot, part B is the second largest portion of the lot, part C represents the third largest portion of the lot, and part D covers the smallest portion of the tax lot. ZONING DISTRICT 4 will contain the zoning associated with part D.

See SPLIT BOUNDARY INDICATOR to determine if the tax lot is divided.

Field Name: COMMERCIAL OVERLAY 1 (Overlay1)

Format: Alphanumeric - 4 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features

Description: The commercial overlay assigned to the tax lot. A commercial overlay is a C1 or C2 zoning district mapped within residential zoning districts to serve local retail needs (grocery stores, dry cleaners, restaurants, for example).

If more than one commercial overlay exists on the tax lot, COMMERCIAL OVERLAY 1 represents the commercial overlay occupying the greatest percentage of the lot area. The commercial overlay district must either cover at least 10% of a tax lot's area or at least 50% of the commercial overlay district must be contained within the tax lot.

If the tax lot is does not contain a commercial overlay, the field is blank.

See SPLIT BOUNDARY INDICATOR to determine if the tax lot is divided.

Field Name: COMMERCIAL OVERLAY 2 (Overlay2)

Format: Alphanumeric - 4 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features

Description: A commercial overlay assigned to the tax lot.

If the tax lot has more than one commercial overlays, COMMERCIAL OVERLAY 2 represents the commercial overlay occupying the second largest percentage of the tax lot's area. The commercial overlay district must either cover at least 10% of a tax lot's area or at least 50% of the commercial overlay district must be contained within the tax lot.

If the tax lot is not divided by two commercial overlays the field is blank.

See SPLIT BOUNDARY INDICATOR to determine if the tax lot is divided.

Field Name:	SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICT 1 (SPDist1)
Format:	Alphanumeric - 12 characters
Data Source:	Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features
Description:	<p>The special purpose district assigned to the tax lot. The regulations for special purpose districts are designed to supplement and modify the underlying zoning in order to respond to distinctive neighborhoods with particular issues and goals. Only special purpose districts that cover at least 10% of a tax lot's area are included.</p> <p>If the tax lot is not in a special purpose district, the field is blank.</p> <p>If more than one special purpose district exists on the tax lot, SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICT 1 represents the special purpose district occupying the greatest percentage of the lot area. If the greatest percentage is occupied by two special purpose districts that overlap each other and cover the same percentage of the lot, SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICT 1 contains both special purpose districts. separated by "/".</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• See Appendix A for valid values. <p>See SPLIT BOUNDARY INDICATOR to determine if the tax lot is divided.</p>

Field Name:	SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICT 2 (SPDist2)
Format:	Alphanumeric - 12 characters
Data Source:	Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features
Description:	<p>The special purpose district assigned to the tax lot. The regulations for special purpose districts are designed to supplement and modify the underlying zoning in order to respond to distinctive neighborhoods with particular issues and goals. Only special purpose districts that cover at least 10% of a tax lot's area are included.</p> <p>If the tax lot is not divided by at least two special purpose districts, the field is blank.</p> <p>If more than one special purpose district exists on the tax lot, SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICT 2 represents the special purpose district occupying the second greatest percentage of the lot area. If the second greatest percentage is occupied by two special purpose districts that overlap each other and cover the same percentage of the lot, SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICT 2 contains both special purpose districts. separated by "/".</p> <p>See Appendix A for valid values.</p>

See SPLIT BOUNDARY INDICATOR to determine if the tax lot is divided.

Field Name:	SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICT 3 (SPDist3)
Format:	Alphanumeric - 12 characters
Data Source:	Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features
Description:	<p>The special purpose district assigned to the tax lot. The regulations for special purpose districts are designed to supplement and modify the underlying zoning in order to respond to distinctive neighborhoods with particular issues and goals. Only special purpose districts that cover at least 10% of a tax lot's area are included.</p> <p>If the tax lot is not divided by at least three special purpose districts, the field is blank.</p> <p>If the tax lot has more than two special purpose districts, SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICT 3 represents the special purpose district occupying the smallest percentage of the lot area.</p> <p>See Appendix A for valid values.</p> <p>See SPLIT BOUNDARY INDICATOR to determine if the tax lot is divided.</p>

Field Name:	LIMITED HEIGHT DISTRICT (LtdHeight)
Format:	Alphanumeric - 5 characters
Data Source:	Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features
Description:	<p>The limited height district assigned to the tax lot. A limited height district is superimposed on an area designated as an historic district by the Landmarks Preservation Commission.</p> <p>See Appendix B for valid values.</p>

Field Name:	SPLIT BOUNDARY INDICATOR (SplitZone)
Format:	Alphanumeric - 1 character
Data Source:	Department of City Planning NYC GIS Zoning Features
Description:	<p>A code indicating whether the tax lot is split between multiple zoning features. The split boundary indicator is equal to "Y" if the tax lot has a value for ZONING DISTRICT 2, COMMERCIAL OVERLAY 2, or SPECIAL DISTRICT BOUNDARY 2.</p>

Field Name: BUILDING CLASS (BldgClass)

Format: Alphanumeric - 2 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning - based on data from:
Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: A code describing the major use of structures on the tax lot.

Except as described below, BUILDING CLASS is taken from PTS without modification.

For condominiums, PTS contains the building class for each unit lot. When merging this data into a single record for the billing lot, DCP creates several mixed-use building classes (RC, RD, RI, RM, RX, and RZ). These are assigned as follows:

- If all unit lots have the same building class, that building class is used for the billing lot.
- PTS building class types are grouped as follows:
 - Commercial - R5, R7, R8, RA, RB, RH, and RK
 - Residential - R1, R2, R3, R4, R6, and RR
 - Mixed commercial and residential – R9
 - Industrial/warehouse - RW
- If the unit lots are a mixture of commercial building types, BUILDING CLASS = RC.
- If the unit lots are a mixture of residential building types, BUILDING CLASS = RD.
- If the unit lots are a mixture of commercial and residential building types, BUILDING CLASS = RM.
- If the unit lots are a mixture of commercial and industrial/warehouse building types, BUILDING CLASS = RI.
- If the unit lots are a mixture of commercial, residential, and industrial/warehouse building types, BUILDING CLASS = RX.
- If the unit lots are a mixture of residential and industrial/warehouse building types, BUILDING CLASS = RZ.
- When unit lots with a building class of RG (Indoor Parking), RP (Outdoor Parking), RS (Non-Business Storage Space), or RT (Terraces/Gardens/Cabanas) have the same billing lot as another building class, their building class is ignored. For example, if the billing lot has unit lots with a building class of R4 (Residential Unit in Elevator Bldg) and RG (Indoor Parking), BUILDING CLASS = R4.

Q0 is assigned by DCP to tax lots with a PTS building class starting with “V” that are identified in the NYC GIS Zoning Database as PARK, BALL FIELD, PLAYGROUND, or PUBLIC SPACE.

QG is assigned by DCP to tax lots with a PTS building class starting with “V” that contain community gardens from the Department of Parks and Recreation’s NYC Greenthumb Community Gardens dataset. This is done to comply with Local Law 46 of 2020, which requires that such lots be given a land use category of open space, outdoor recreation, a community garden, or other similar description. Lots with a BUILDING CLASS of QG are assigned to LAND USE CATEGORY “09” (Open Space & Outdoor Recreation). This land use assignment is solely informational and does not confer or change a legal status for such a tax lot.

PTS contains two building classes for some tax lots, with one of the building classes being Z7 (Easement). BUILDING CLASS is only set to Z7 when it is the only PTS building class for the tax lot.

See *Appendix C - Building Class Codes* for valid values

Field Name: LAND USE CATEGORY (LandUse)

Format: Alphanumeric - 2 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning

Description: A code for the tax lot's land use category.

The Department of City Planning has created 11 land use categories and assigns each BUILDING CLASS to the most appropriate land use category.

Appendix D - Land Use Categories details the relationship of building classes to land use categories.

VALUE	DESCRIPTION
01	One & Two Family Buildings
02	Multi-Family Walk-Up Buildings
03	Multi-Family Elevator Buildings
04	Mixed Residential & Commercial Buildings
05	Commercial & Office Buildings
06	Industrial & Manufacturing
07	Transportation & Utility
08	Public Facilities & Institutions
09	Open Space & Outdoor Recreation
10	Parking Facilities
11	Vacant Land

Field Name: NUMBER OF EASEMENTS (Easements)

Format: Numeric - 2 digits (99)

Data Source: Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The number of unique easements on the tax lot.

PTS contains a record for each easement. NUMBER OF EASEMENTS is calculated by counting the number of unique PTS easement records for the tax lot.

If the number of easements is zero, the tax lot has no easements.

Field Name: TYPE OF OWNERSHIP CODE (OwnerType)

Format: Alphanumeric - 1 character

Data Source: Department of City Planning - City Owned and Leased Properties (COLP)
Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: A code indicating type of ownership for the tax lot.

Only one data source is used per tax lot.

The COLP file, which contains more accurate and specific type of city ownership data than PTS, is used when data is available for that lot. Codes C, M, O, P are derived from COLP.

If the tax lot is not in COLP, PTS is checked to see if the lot's EXEMPT TOTAL VALUE equals its ASSESSED TOTAL VALUE. If the two values are the same, the lot is given a code of X. Otherwise the tax lot is not given any TYPE OF OWNERSHIP CODE.

OWNER NAME should be referenced to verify type of ownership, particularly when it's important to distinguish between state, federal, and public authority ownership.

Value	Description
C	City ownership
M	Mixed city & private ownership
O	Other – owned by either a public authority or the state or federal government
P	Private ownership
X	Fully tax-exempt property that may be owned by the city, state, or federal government; a public authority; or a private institution
<i>blank</i>	Unknown (usually private ownership)

Field Name: OWNER NAME (OwnerName)

Format: Alphanumeric - 81 characters

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)
Department of City Planning – [PLUTO_input_research.csv](#), field ownername

Description: The name of the owner of the tax lot.

For publicly owned tax lots, owner names have been normalized. For example, “NYC PARKS”, “PARKS DEPARTMENT”, and “PARKS AND RECREATION

(GENERAL)” have been changed to “NYC DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION”.

If OWNER NAME is normalized, DCPedited is set to “1”. (see CHANGED BY DCP).

Field Name:	LOT AREA (LotArea)
Format:	Numeric - 9 digits (999999999)
Data Source:	Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS) Department of City Planning - based on data from: Department of Finance – Digital Tax Map (DTM)
Description:	<p>Total area of the tax lot, expressed in square feet rounded to the nearest integer.</p> <p>LOT AREA contains street beds when the tax lot contains “paper streets” i.e., streets mapped but not built.</p> <p>If the tax lot is not an irregularly shaped lot (see IRREGULAR LOT CODE) the Department of Finance calculates the LOT AREA by multiplying the LOT FRONTAGE by the LOT DEPTH. If the tax lot is irregularly shaped, DOF calculates the LOT AREA from the Digital Tax Map.</p> <p>If PTS contains a zero value for LOT AREA, this field is changed to show the area of the tax lot’s geometric shape in the Digital Tax Map and DCPedited is set to “1”. (see CHANGED BY DCP).</p>

Field Name:	TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA (BldgArea)
Format:	Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)
Data Source:	Department of City Planning - based on data from: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS) Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)
Description:	<p>The total gross area in square feet, except for condominium measurements which come from the Condo Declaration and are net square footage not gross.</p> <p>TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA is populated in the following order of preference:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Gross floor area from PTS 2. Gross floor area from CAMA 3. Calculated from the PTS building dimensions and number of stories for the primary building on the lot. TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA calculated by this method will not include floor area for any other buildings on the lot. 4. TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA is set to zero if the building class starts with “V” and the number of buildings is zero.

See TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA SOURCE CODE to determine which method was used.

If TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA SOURCE CODE has a value of 2 (PTS) or 7 (CAMA), the TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA is based on gross building area, also known as total gross square feet. For these data sources, the TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA is for all of the structures on the tax lot, including stairwells, halls, elevator shafts, attics and extensions such as attached garages. Measurements are based on exterior dimensions and take into account setbacks.

If the TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA SOURCE CODE field has a value of 5, the floor area was calculated from the DOF Property Tax System (PTS) using the building dimensions and number of stories for ONLY the largest structure on the tax lot.

In all cases, this is a rough estimate of the gross building floor area and does not necessarily take into account all the criteria for calculating floor area as defined in section 12-10 of the Zoning Resolution.

Roof areas used for parking/garden/playground are not included in the floor area.

If TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA SOURCE CODE is 2, TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA contains the common area for condominiums.

If FLOOR AREA, TOTAL BUILDING SOURCE CODE is 7, TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA does not include below grade finished basements.

If the basement in a one, two or three family structure is above grade and finished, its square footage is included in TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA.

A TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA of zero can mean it is either not available or not applicable. If NUMBER OF BUILDINGS is greater than zero, then a TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA of zero means it is not available. If NUMBER OF BUILDINGS is zero, then a TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA of zero means it is not applicable.

Field Name:	COMMERCIAL FLOOR AREA (ComArea)
Format:	Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)
Data Source:	Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS) Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)
Description:	An estimate of the exterior dimensions of the portion of the structure(s) allocated for commercial use.

Value is taken from PTS, if available. When calculated from PTS data, COMMERCIAL FLOOR AREA is the sum of floor areas for office, retail, garage,

storage, factory, and other uses. If these fields are not populated in PTS, the value is taken from CAMA.

Originally square footage came from sketches, but, for both new construction and alterations, it now comes from site visits.

Basement square footage may be included in COMMERCIAL FLOOR AREA if the commercial buildings meets two of the three following criteria:

- Finished
- Active
- Publicly accessible

For condominiums, COMMERCIAL FLOOR AREA is the sum of the commercial floor area for condominium lots with the same billing lot. COMMERCIAL FLOOR AREA does not contain the condominium's common area.

A COMMERCIAL FLOOR AREA of zero can mean it is either not available or not applicable.

An update to the floor area is triggered by the issuance of a Department of Buildings permit, feedback from the public, or site visits by Department of Finance assessors.

The sum of the various floor area fields does not always equal TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA.

Field Name:	RESIDENTIAL FLOOR AREA (ResArea)
Format:	Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)
Data Source:	Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS) Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)
Description:	<p>An estimate of the exterior dimensions of the portion of the structure(s) allocated for residential use.</p> <p>Value is taken from PTS, if available. Otherwise it comes from CAMA.</p> <p>For condominiums, RESIDENTIAL FLOOR AREA is the sum of the residential floor area for condominium lots with the same billing lot. RESIDENTIAL FLOOR AREA does not contain the condominium's common area.</p> <p>A RESIDENTIAL FLOOR AREA of zero can mean it is either not available or not applicable.</p> <p>An update to the floor area is triggered by the issuance of a Department of Buildings permit, feedback from the public, or site visits by Department of Finance assessors.</p>

The sum of the various floor area fields does not always equal TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA.

Field Name:	OFFICE FLOOR AREA (OfficeArea)
Format:	Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)
Data Source:	Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS) Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)
Description:	<p>An estimate of the exterior dimensions of the portion of the structure(s) allocated for office use.</p> <p>Value is taken from PTS, if available. Otherwise it comes from CAMA.</p> <p>This information is NOT available for one, two or three family structures.</p> <p>An OFFICE FLOOR AREA of zero can mean it is either not available or not applicable.</p> <p>An update to the floor area is triggered by the issuance of a Department of Buildings permit, feedback from the public, or site visits by Department of Finance assessors.</p> <p>The sum of the various floor area fields does not always equal TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA.</p>

Field Name:	RETAIL FLOOR AREA (RetailArea)
Format:	Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)
Data Source:	Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS) Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)
Description:	<p>An estimate of the exterior dimensions of the portion of the structure(s) allocated for retail use.</p> <p>Value is taken from PTS, if available. Otherwise it comes from CAMA.</p> <p>This information is NOT available for one, two or three family structures.</p> <p>A RETAIL FLOOR AREA of zero can mean it is either not available or not applicable.</p> <p>An update to the floor area is triggered by the issuance of a Department of Buildings permit, feedback from the public, or site visits by Department of Finance assessors.</p>

The sum of the various floor area fields does not always equal TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA.

Field Name:	GARAGE FLOOR AREA (GarageArea)
Format:	Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)
Data Source:	Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS) Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)
Description:	<p>An estimate of the exterior dimensions of the portion of the structure(s) allocated for garage use.</p> <p>Value is taken from PTS, if available. Otherwise it comes from CAMA.</p> <p>This information is NOT available for one, two or three family structures.</p> <p>A GARAGE FLOOR AREA of zero can mean it is either not available or not applicable.</p> <p>An update to the floor area is triggered by the issuance of a Department of Buildings permit, feedback from the public, or site visits by Department of Finance assessors.</p> <p>The sum of the various floor area fields does not always equal TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA.</p>

Field Name:	STORAGE FLOOR AREA (StrgeArea)
Format:	Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)
Data Source:	Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS) Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)
Description:	<p>An estimate of the exterior dimensions of the portion of the structure(s) allocated for storage or loft purposes.</p> <p>Value is taken from PTS, if available. Otherwise it comes from CAMA.</p> <p>This information is NOT available for one, two or three family structures.</p> <p>A STORAGE FLOOR AREA of zero can mean it is either not available or not applicable.</p> <p>An update to the floor area is triggered by the issuance of a Department of Buildings permit, feedback from the public, or site visits by Department of Finance assessors.</p> <p>The sum of the various floor area fields does not always equal TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA.</p>

Field Name:	FACTORY FLOOR AREA (FactryArea)
Format:	Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)
Data Source:	Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS) Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)
Description:	<p>An estimate of the exterior dimensions of the portion of the structure(s) allocated for factory, warehouse or loft use.</p> <p>Value is taken from PTS, if available. Otherwise it comes from CAMA.</p> <p>This information is NOT available for one, two or three family structures.</p> <p>A FACTORY FLOOR AREA of zero can mean it is either not available or not applicable.</p> <p>An update to the floor area is triggered by the issuance of a Department of Buildings permit, feedback from the public, or site visits by Department of Finance assessors.</p> <p>The sum of the various floor area fields does not always equal TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA.</p>

Field Name:	OTHER FLOOR AREA (OtherArea)
Format:	Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)
Data Source:	Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS) Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)
Description:	<p>An estimate of the exterior dimensions of the portion of the structure(s) allocated for other than commercial, residential, office, retail, garage, storage, or factory use.</p> <p>Value is taken from PTS, if available. Otherwise it comes from CAMA.</p> <p>This information is NOT available for one, two or three family structures.</p> <p>An OTHER FLOOR AREA of zero can mean it is either not available or not applicable.</p> <p>An update to the floor area is triggered by the issuance of a Department of Buildings permit, feedback from the public, or site visits by Department of Finance assessors.</p> <p>The sum of the various floor area fields does not always equal TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA.</p>

Field Name: TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA SOURCE CODE (AreaSource)

Format: Alphanumeric - 1 character

Data Source: Department of City Planning

Description: A code indicating the methodology used to determine the tax lot's TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA (BldgArea)

Only one source is used per tax lot.

Value	Methodology
0	Not Available
2	Department of Finance's Property Tax System (PTS)
4	BUILDING CLASS starts with 'V' and NUMBER OF BUILDINGS is 0. TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA is 0.
5	Calculated from PTS building dimensions and NUMBER OF FLOORS for primary building only.
7	Department of Finance's Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)

Field Name: NUMBER OF BUILDINGS (NumBldgs)

Format: Numeric - 5 digits (99999)

Data Source: Department of Information Technology and Telecommunications – Building Footprints
Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The number of buildings on the tax lot.

The number of buildings on a lot is calculated by taking the Building Identification Number (BIN) for every building in DoITT's Building Footprints dataset, running Geosupport function BN to get the BBL associated with that BIN, and summing the number of buildings per tax lot.

Field Name: NUMBER OF FLOORS (NumFloors)

Format: Numeric - 6 digits (999.99)

Data Source: Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The number of full and partial floors starting from the ground floor, for the tallest building on the tax lot. A partial floor is a floor that does not span the entire building envelope. For example, if a building is 3 stories tall and 2 floors cover the entire footprint of the building and one floor covers half of the footprint, the number of floors would be 2.5.

Above ground basements are not included in the NUMBER OF FLOORS.

A roof used for parking, farming, playground, etc. is not included in NUMBER OF FLOORS.

If the NUMBER OF FLOORS is null and the NUMBER OF BUILDINGS is greater than zero, then NUMBER OF FLOORS is not available for the tax lot.

Field Name: RESIDENTIAL UNITS (UnitsRes)**Format:** Numeric - 5 digits (99999)**Data Source:** Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)**Description:** The sum of residential units in all buildings on the tax lot.

If there are no residential units in the tax lot, this field will be zero.

Hotels/motels, nursing homes and SROs do not have residential units, but boarding houses do. Basement units for building superintendents are counted as a residential unit.

An update to residential units is triggered by the issuance of a Department of Buildings permit.

Field Name: TOTAL UNITS (UnitsTotal)**Format:** Numeric - 5 digits (99999)**Data Source:** Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)**Description:** The sum of residential and non-residential (offices, retail stores, etc.) units for all buildings on the tax lot.

The count of non-residential units is sometimes not available if the building contains residential units.

Non-residential units are units with a separate use. If a building has 25 different offices it would be counted as 1 unit because they have the same use.

Updates to residential and non-residential units are triggered by the issuance of a Department of Buildings permit.

Field Name: LOT FRONTAGE (LotFront)**Format:** Numeric - 7 digits (9999.99)**Data Source:** Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The tax lot's frontage measured in feet.

NOTE: It appears that if a lot fronts on more than one street, the PTS building address often determines which side of the lot used for calculating lot frontage.

Field Name: **LOT DEPTH (LotDepth)**

Format: Numeric - 7 digits (9999.99)

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The tax lot's depth measured in feet.

Field Name: **BUILDING FRONTAGE (BldgFront)**

Format: Numeric - 7 digits (9999.99)

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The building's frontage along the street measured in feet.

Field Name: **BUILDING DEPTH (BldgDepth)**

Format: Numeric - 7 digits (9999.99)

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The building's depth, which is the effective perpendicular distance, measured in feet.

Field Name: **EXTENSION CODE (Ext)**

Format: Alphanumeric – 2 Characters

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: A code identifying whether there is an extension on the lot or a garage other than the primary structure.

Value	Description
E	Extension
G	Garage
EG	Extension and garage
N	None
<i>Blank</i>	Unknown

Field Name: PROXIMITY CODE (ProxCode)

Format: Alphanumeric - 1 character

Data Source: Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)

Description: A code describing the physical relationship of the building to neighboring buildings. If there are multiple buildings on the lot, CAMA data for building number 1 is used.

Value	Description
0	Not available
1	Detached
2	Semi-attached
3	Attached

Field Name: IRREGULAR LOT CODE (IrrLotCode)

Format: Alphanumeric - 1 character

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: A code indicating whether the tax lot is irregularly shaped.

Value	Description
Y	Yes, an irregularly shaped lot
N	No, not an irregularly shaped lot
<i>blank</i>	Unknown

Field Name: LOT TYPE (LotType)

Format: Alphanumeric - 1 character

Data Source: Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)

Description: A code indicating the location of the tax lot in relationship to another tax lot and/or the water.

CAMA may contain multiple lot types for a tax lot. For instance, a lot may be both a corner lot and waterfront lot. DCP assigns LOT TYPE by taking the lowest CAMA lot type for the tax lot, with the exception of LOT TYPE 5, which is only assigned if the lot has no other lot types in CAMA.

Value	Description
0	Unknown
1	Block assemblage – a tax lot that encompasses an entire block
2	Waterfront – a tax lot bordering on a body of water. Waterfront lots may contain a small amount of submerged land.
3	Corner – a tax lot bordering on two intersecting streets
4	Through – a tax lot connecting two streets, with frontage on both streets. Note that a lot with two frontages is not necessarily a through lot. For example, an L-shaped lot with two frontages is considered an inside lot (5).
5	Inside – a tax lot with frontage on only one street. This value comes from CAMA, but is only assigned in PLUTO if CAMA has no other lot types for the tax lot.
6	Interior lot – a tax lot that has no street frontage
7	Island lot – a tax lot that is entirely surrounded by water
8	Alley lot – a tax lot that is too narrow to accommodate a building. The lot is usually 12 feet or less in width.
9	Submerged land lot – a tax lot that is totally or almost completely submerged

Field Name: BASEMENT TYPE/GRADE (BsmtCode)

Format: Alphanumeric - 1 character

Data Source: Department of City Planning - based on data from:
Department of Finance - Mass Appraisal System (CAMA)

Description: A code describing the building's basement.

Value	Description
0	None/No Basement
1	Above grade full basement – the basement is 75% or more of the area of the first floor and the basement walls are at least 4 feet high on at least two sides
2	Below grade full basement – the basement is 75% or more of the area of the first floor and the basement walls are fully submerged or are less than 4 feet on at least three sides

Value	Description
3	Above grade partial basement – the basement is between 25% and 75% of the area of the first floor and the basement walls are at least 4 feet high on at least two sides
4	Below grade partial basement – the basement is between 25% and 75% of the area of the first floor and the basement walls are fully submerged or are less than 4 feet on at least three sides
5	Unknown

This information is available for one, two or three family structures.

This information may also be available for commercial buildings if two of the following three criteria are met:

- Finished
- Active
- Publicly accessible

A value may exist for other types of property, but the data is not verified by DOF.

Basements in brownstones, high ranches, split-levels and attached row houses are considered above grade.

A fully exposed basement garage door does not, in itself, satisfy the criteria for above grade.

A cellar is below a basement and not habitable.

Field Name: **ASSESSED LAND VALUE (AssessLand)**

Format: Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The assessed land value for the tax lot.

The Department of Finance calculates the assessed value by multiplying the tax lot's estimated full market land value, determined as if vacant and unimproved, by a uniform percentage for the property's tax class.

Assessed and exempt values are updated twice a year. Tentative values are released in mid-January and final values are released around May 25. If the date on source file (PTS), as reported in the Readme file, is between January 15 and May 25, ASSESSED LAND VALUE is from the tentative roll for the tax year starting in July. Otherwise, ASSESSED LAND VALUE is from the final roll.

Field Name: **ASSESSED TOTAL VALUE (AssessTot)**

Format: Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The assessed total value for the tax lot.

The Department of Finance (DOF) calculates the assessed value by multiplying the tax lot's estimated full market value by a uniform percentage for the property's tax class.

DOF values properties based on current and constructive use, rather than legal use. The predominant active use, which determines the classification of a property, is determined by square footage. If the second story of a three-story building is mixed-use, an interior inspection may be necessary to establish the commercial percentage of that story before reclassification. In other cases, a two-story building with retail on the first floor may have a sign identifying a second story accounting office. If, for example, the second story is a primary residence and there is a difference in square footage from the first to second floor, the mere presence of a business sign does not confirm a predominant commercial use.

Additional research is required to ensure proper classification. This can include an internal inspection, speaking to someone at the location or a neighbor, and researching various records (such as filed Real Property Income and Expenses statements) from DOF or other city agencies.

NYC Property Tax Classes are determined by NYS and described under Real Property Tax Law (RPTL) [Article §18-02](#) which mentions primary use for real property classification.

Property value is assessed as of January 5th. If a new building is not completed by April 14th, the assessed building value is 0 and the Building Class reverts to Vacant.

Assessed and exempt values are updated twice a year. Tentative values are released in mid-January and final values are released around May 25. If the date on source file (PTS), as reported in the Readme file, is between January 15 and May 25, ASSESSED TOTAL VALUE is from the tentative roll for the tax year starting in July. Otherwise, ASSESSED TOTAL VALUE is from the final roll

Field Name: EXEMPT TOTAL VALUE (ExemptTot)

Format: Numeric - 11 digits (99999999999)

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The exempt total value, which is determined differently for each exemption program, is the dollar amount related to that portion of the tax lot that has received an exemption.

Assessed and exempt values are updated twice a year. Tentative values are released in mid-January and final values are released around May 25. If the date on source file (PTS), as reported in the Readme file, is between January 15 and May 25, EXEMPT TOTAL VALUE is from the tentative roll for the tax year starting in July. Otherwise, EXEMPT TOTAL VALUE is from the final roll.

Note that New York State typically releases STAR exempt values right after the tentative roll is released. EXEMPT TOTAL VALUE will change to reflect these values after they are received.

Field Name: YEAR BUILT (YearBuilt)**Format:** Numeric - 4 digits (9999)**Data Source:** Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)**Description:** The year construction of the building was completed.

In general, YEAR BUILT is accurate for the decade, but not necessarily for the specific year. Between 1910 and 1985, the majority of YEAR BUILT values are in years ending in 5 or 0. Many structures built between 1800s and early 1900s have a YEAR BUILT between 1899 and 1901.

For ~26,000 buildings in historic districts, YEAR BUILT has been changed to the date_high value from Landmarks Preservation Commission's [Individual Landmark and Historic District Building Database](#). Any tax lot updated with LPC data has a value of 1 in field CHANGED BY DCP. The original YEAR BUILT value can be found in PLUTOChangeFileYYv#.#.csv, where YYv#.## is the version number.

If Year Built is null or 0, then the value is unknown.

Field Name: YEAR ALTERED 1 (YearAlter1)**Format:** Numeric - 4 digits (9999)**Data Source:** Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)**Description:** If a building has only been altered once, YEAR ALTERED 1 is the date that alteration began.

If a building has been altered more than once, YEAR ALTERED 1 is the year of the second most recent alteration.

The Department of Finance defines alterations as modifications to the structure that, according to the assessor, change the value of the real property.

The date comes from Department of Buildings permits and may either be the actual date or an estimate.

Field Name: YEAR ALTERED 2 (YearAlter2)**Format:** Numeric - 4 digits (9999)

Data Source:	Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)
Description:	<p>If a building has only been altered once, this field is blank.</p> <p>If a building has been altered more than once, YEAR ALTERED 2 is the year that the most recent alteration began.</p> <p>The Department of Finance defines alterations as modifications to the structure that, according to the assessor, change the value of the real property.</p> <p>The date comes from Department of Buildings permits and may either be the actual date or an estimate.</p>

Field Name:	HISTORIC DISTRICT NAME (HistDist)
Format:	Alphanumeric - 40 characters
Data Source:	Landmarks Preservation Commission Historic Districts dataset
Description:	The name of the Historic District that the tax lot is within. Historic Districts are designated by the New York City Landmarks Preservation Commission.

Field Name:	LANDMARK STATUS (Landmark)
Format:	Alphanumeric - 35 characters
Data Source:	Landmarks Preservation Commission Individual Landmarks dataset
Description:	This value indicates whether the lot contains an individual landmark building, an interior landmark building, or both.

Field Name:	BUILT FLOOR AREA RATIO (BuiltFAR)
Format:	Numeric - 7 digits (9999.99)
Data Source:	Department of City Planning – based on data from: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)
Description:	<p>The BUILT FLOOR AREA RATIO is the total building floor area divided by the area of the tax lot.</p> <p>This is an <u>estimate</u> by City Planning based on rough building area and lot area measurements provided by the Department of Finance. BUILT FLOOR AREA RATIO is calculated using the TOTAL BUILDING FLOOR AREA and the LOT AREA.</p>

Field Name:	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RESIDENTIAL FAR (ResidFAR)
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Format:	Numeric - 5 digits (99.99)
Data Source:	Department of City Planning Zoning Division
Description:	<p>The maximum allowable residential floor area ratio, based on the zoning district classification occupying the greatest percentage of the tax lot's area as reported in ZoneDist1. If the lot is assigned to more than one zoning district and ZoneDist1 does not allow residential uses, MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RESIDENTIAL FAR is based on ZoneDist2, ZoneDist3 or ZoneDist4, in that order.</p> <p>The maximum allowable residential floor area ratios are exclusive of bonuses for plazas, plaza-connected open areas, arcades, or other amenities.</p> <p>For R2X, R3, R4, and C3 zoning districts, ResidFAR does not include the attic allowance, under which the FAR may be increased by up to 20% for the inclusion of space beneath a pitched roof.</p> <p>For properties zoned R6, R7, R7-1, R8 or R9, ResidFAR reflects the maximum achievable floor area under ideal conditions.</p> <p>The maximum allowable floor area does not reflect Voluntary Inclusionary Housing or Mandatory Inclusionary Housing Program floor area. See Appendix F and Section 23-154, paragraphs (b) and (d) of the Zoning Resolution.</p> <p>For properties in special mixed use districts, PLUTO uses the wide street maximum allowable floor area ratio. Since the maximum allowable floor area ratio in mixed use special districts is actually determined by whether the property is located on a wide street or a narrow street, users should consult Section 23-153 of the Zoning Resolution.</p>

Field Name:	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE COMMERCIAL FAR (CommFAR)
Format:	Numeric - 5 digits (99.99)
Data Source:	Department of City Planning Zoning Division
Description:	<p>The maximum allowable commercial floor area ratio, based on the zoning district classification occupying the greatest percentage of the tax lot's area as reported in ZoneDist1. If the lot is assigned to more than one zoning district and ZoneDist1 does not allow commercial uses, MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE COMMERCIAL FAR is based on ZoneDist2, ZoneDist3 or ZoneDist4, in that order.</p> <p>The maximum allowable commercial floor area ratios are exclusive of bonuses for plazas, plaza-connected open areas, arcades, or other amenities.</p> <p>Users should consult Section 43-12 of the Zoning Resolution for more information.</p>

Field Name:	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE COMMUNITY FACILITY FAR (FacilFAR)
Format:	Numeric - 5 digits (99.99)

Data Source: Department of City Planning Zoning Division

Description: The maximum allowable community facility floor area ratio, based on the zoning district classification occupying the greatest percentage of the tax lot's area as reported in ZoneDist1. If the lot is assigned to more than one zoning district and ZoneDist1 does not allow community facility uses, MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE COMMUNITY FACILITY FAR is based on ZoneDist2, ZoneDist3 or ZoneDist4, in that order.

The maximum allowable community facility floor area ratios are exclusive of bonuses for plazas, plaza-connected open areas, arcades, or other amenities.

Users should consult Section 24-11 of the Zoning Resolution for more information.

Field Name: **BORO CODE (BoroCode)**

Format: Numeric - 1 digit (9)

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The borough in which the tax lot is located.

Value	Description
1	Manhattan
2	Bronx
3	Brooklyn
4	Queens
5	Staten Island

Two portions of the city, Marble Hill and Rikers Island, are legally located in one borough but are serviced by a different borough. The BORO CODEs associated with these areas are the boroughs in which they are legally located.

Marble Hill is serviced by the Bronx, but is legally located in Manhattan and has a BORO CODE of 1. Rikers Island is serviced by Queens, but is legally located in the Bronx and has a BORO CODE of 2.

Field Name: **BOROUGH, TAX BLOCK & LOT (BBL)**

Format: Numeric - 10 digits

Data Source: Department of City Planning - based on data from:
Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: A concatenation of the borough code, tax block and tax lot.

This field consists of the borough code followed by the tax block followed by the tax lot. The borough code is one numeric digit. The tax block is one to five numeric digits, preceded with leading zeros when the block is less than five digits. The tax lot

is one to four digits and is preceded with leading zeros when the lot is less than four digits.

For condominiums, the BBL is for the billing lot. See TAX LOT for more information on how condominiums are handled.

Examples:

Manhattan Borough Code 1, Tax Block 16, Tax Lot 100 would be stored as 1000160100.

Brooklyn Borough Code 3, Tax Block 15828, Tax Lot 7501 would be stored as 3158287501.

Field Name:	CONDOMINIUM NUMBER (CondoNo)
Format:	Numeric - 5 digits
Data Source:	Department of Finance – Property Tax System (PTS)
Description:	The condominium number assigned to the complex. Condominium numbers are unique within a borough (see BOROUGH).

Field Name:	CENSUS TRACT 2 (Tract2010)
Format:	Alphanumeric - 6 characters
Data Source:	Department of City Planning – Geosupport System
Description:	The 2010 census tract in which the tax lot is located. This field contains a one to four-digit census tract number and a two-digit suffix. There is an implied decimal point between the census tract number and the suffix. The census tract number is preceded with leading zeros when the tract is less than four digits. If the tract has no suffix, CENSUS TRACT 2 contains 4 characters. 2010 census tracts are geographic areas defined by the U.S. Census Bureau for the 2010 Census. Examples: Census Tract 203.01 would be stored as 020301 Census Tract 23 would be stored as 0023

Field Name:	X COORDINATE (XCoord)
Format:	Numeric - 7 digits (9999999)
Data Source:	Department of City Planning – Geosupport System

Department of Finance – Digital Tax Map: Calculated from centroid of tax lot

Description: The X coordinate of the XY coordinate pair which depicts the approximate location of the lot.

If the X coordinate is not available from Geosupport, it is calculated from the centroid of the tax lot, with the constraint that the resulting point must be within the lot boundaries.

The XY coordinates are expressed in the New York-Long Island State Plane coordinate system.

Field Name: Y COORDINATE (YCoord)

Format: Numeric - 7 digits (9999999)

Data Source: Department of City Planning - Geosupport System
Department of Finance – Digital Tax Map: Calculated from centroid of tax lot

Description: The Y coordinate of the XY coordinate pair which depicts the approximate location of the lot.

If the Y coordinate is not available from Geosupport, it is calculated from the centroid of the tax lot, with the constraint that the resulting point must be within the lot boundaries

The XY coordinates are expressed in the New York-Long Island State Plane coordinate system.

Field Name: ZONING MAP # (ZoneMap)

Format: Alphanumeric - 3 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning Georeferenced NYC Zoning Maps

Description: The Department of City Planning Zoning Map Number associated with the tax lot's X and Y Coordinates. If the tax lot is on the border of two or more zoning maps, ZONING MAP # is the zoning map covering the greatest area.

Field Name: ZONING MAP CODE (ZMCode)

Format: Alphanumeric – 1 character

Data Source: Department of City Planning Georeferenced NYC Zoning Maps

Description: A code (Y) identifies a tax lot on the border of two or more zoning maps.

Field Name: SANBORN MAP # (Sanborn)

Format: Alphanumeric - 8 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System

Description: The Sanborn Map Company map number associated with the tax block and lot.

SANBORN MAP # format is Borough Code/Volume Number/Page Number, where Borough Code is 1 (Manhattan), 2 (Bronx), 3 (Brooklyn), 4 (Queens), or 5 (Staten Island)

For example: the SANBORN MAP # associated with tax block 154, tax lot 23 in Manhattan is 1/01S/020.

This field has been deprecated and will be removed at a future date. The data in the field cannot be considered reliable.

Field Name: TAX MAP # (TaxMap)

Format: Alphanumeric - 5 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning – Geosupport System

Description: The Department of Finance paper tax map volume number associated with the tax block and lot.

The first character of the Tax Map # is the Borough Code – 1 (Manhattan), 2 (Bronx), 3 (Brooklyn), 4 (Queens), or 5 (Staten Island). The second and third characters are the Section Number and the fourth and fifth characters are the Volume Number.

NOTE: The Department of Finance no longer updates their paper tax maps.

Field Name: E-DESIGNATION NUMBER (EDesignNum)

Format: Alphanumeric - 5 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning – E-Designation File

Description: The (E) designation number assigned to the tax lot. An (E) designation provides notice of the presence of an environmental requirement pertaining to potential hazardous materials contamination, high ambient noise levels or air emission concerns on a particular tax lot.

Note that a tax lot may have more than one (E) designation. See the source file for all designations on the lot.

Field Name: APPORTIONMENT BBL (APPBBL)

Format: Numeric – 10 digits

Data Source: Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The originating BBL (borough, block and lot) from the apportionment prior to the merge, split or property's conversion to a condominium.

APPORTIONMENT BBL is only available for mergers, splits, and conversions since 1984.

Field Name: **APPORTIONMENT DATE (APPDate)**

Format: Numeric – 10 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning - based on data from:
Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: The date of the apportionment.

The data is in the format MM/DD/YYYY, where MM is a two-digit month, DD is the two-digit day, and YYYY is the four-digit year.

Field Name: **PLUTO – DTM BASE MAP INDICATOR (PLUTOMapID)**

Format: Numeric - 1 digit

Data Source: Department of City Planning - PLUTO Data File
Department of City Planning – MapPLUTO (water areas included)
Department of City Planning – MapPLUTO (clipped to shoreline)
Department of Finance - Digital Tax Map
Department of Finance - Shoreline File
Department of Finance - Property Tax System (PTS)

Description: A code indicating whether the tax lot is in the PLUTO file, the MapPLUTO file with water areas included, and/or the MapPLUTO file that is clipped to the shoreline.

Because the Digital Tax Map (DTM) and the Property Tax System (PTS) are not updated at the same time, they are slightly out-of-sync. There will be lots in PTS that are not in the DTM and vice versa. In addition, some lots are wholly underwater and are not included in the version of MapPLUTO that is clipped to the shoreline.

The lot geographies in MapPLUTO (with water areas included) are created from the DTM. City Planning modifies the DTM for condominium lots to show the billing tax lot in MapPLUTO, rather than the base tax lot. If there is more than one base tax lot with the same billing lot, the base tax lots are merged into a single feature and assigned to the billing lot. See LOT for more information on condominium lots.

MapPLUTO (clipped to shoreline) is created by clipping the full MapPLUTO using DOF's Shoreline File.

Value	Description
1	Lot is in PLUTO and both versions of MapPLUTO
2	Lot is in PLUTO only.
3	Lot is in both versions of MapPLUTO, but not in PLUTO
4	Lot is in PLUTO and MapPLUTO (with water areas included), but not in the clipped version of MapPLUTO. Tax lot is completely under water.
5	Lot is in MapPLUTO (with water areas included), but not in the clipped version of MapPLUTO or in PLUTO. Tax lot is completely under water.

Field Name: 2007 FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP INDICATOR (FIRM07_Flag)

Format: Alphanumeric – 1 character

Data Source: Department of City Planning based on FEMA's 2007 Flood Insurance Rate Map

Description: A value of 1 means that some portion of the tax lot falls within the 1% annual chance floodplain as determined by FEMA's 2007 Flood Insurance Rate Map.

Note that buildings on the tax lot may or may not be in the portion of the tax lot that is within the 1% annual chance floodplain.

Field Name: 2015 PRELIMINARY FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP INDICATOR (PFIRM15_Flag)

Format: Alphanumeric – 1 character

Data Source: Department of City Planning based on FEMA's 2015 Preliminary Flood Insurance Rate Map

Description: A value of 1 means that some portion of the tax lot falls within the 1% annual chance floodplain as determined by FEMA's 2015 Preliminary Flood Insurance Rate Map.

Note that buildings on the tax lot may or may not be in the portion of the tax lot that is within the 1% annual chance floodplain.

Field Name: VERSION NUMBER (Version)

Format: Alphanumeric – 6 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning

Description: The version number for this release of PLUTO.

The Version Number is in the format YYv#.# where:
YY is the last two digits of the year;
v stands for version;
is the release number for that year; and
.# indicates an amendment to the original release, if applicable.

Field Name: CHANGED BY DCP (DCPEdited)

Format: Alphanumeric – 3 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning

Description: Flag indicating that City Planning has applied a correction to the record.

Flag set to “1” if City Planning has made a change to any field values for this tax lot. To see which field(s) were changed, refer to the PLUTOChangeFileYYv#.#.csv, where YYv#.# is the version number. See the PLUTO change file readme document for more information.

Field Name: LATITUDE (Latitude)

Format: Numeric

Data Source: Department of City Planning

Description: The WGS 84 latitude of the latitude/longitude coordinate pair for the approximate location of the tax lot.

Field Name: LONGITUDE (Longitude)

Format: Numeric

Data Source: Department of City Planning

Description: The WGS 84 longitude of the latitude/longitude coordinate pair for the approximate location of the tax lot

Field Name: NOTES (Notes)

Format: Alphanumeric – 20 characters

Data Source: Department of City Planning

Description: A text field containing notes of importance to one or more lots.

Value	Description
1	<p>All zoning regulations pertaining to the Special Inwood District Rezoning, which amended the Zoning Resolution (N 180205A ZRM) and Zoning Map (C 180204A ZMM), and which have been in effect since 8/8/18, are no longer in effect as of 12/19/19 per court order. For the applicable zoning designations currently in effect, please see zoning maps 1b, 1d, 3a, and 3c.</p> <p>In July 2020, the Appellate Division First Department ruled that the Special Inwood District Rezoning could proceed. The value of 1 has been removed from all lots.</p>

APPENDIX A: SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICTS

Abbreviation	Description
125th	Special 125th Street District
BNY	Special Brooklyn Navy Yard District
BPC	Special Battery Park City District
BR	Special Bay Ridge District
BSC	Special Bay Street Corridor District
C	Special Grand Concourse Preservation District
CD	Special City Island District
CI	Special Coney Island District
CL	Special Clinton District
CO	Special Coney Island Mixed Use District
CP	Special College Point District
CR - n	Special Coastal Risk District, where n is the number of the district
DB	Special Downtown Brooklyn District
DFR	Special Downtown Far Rockaway District
DJ	Special Downtown Jamaica District
EC-n	Special Enhanced Commercial District, where n is the number of the district
EHC	East Harlem Corridors
FH	Special Forest Hills District
FW	Special Flushing Waterfront District
G	Special Gowanus Mixed Use District
GC	Special Garment Center District
GI	Special Governors Island District
HP	Special Hunts Point District
HRP	Special Hudson River Park District
HRW	Special Harlem River Waterfront District

Abbreviation	Description
HS	Special Hillside Preservation District
HSQ	Special Hudson Square District
HY	Special Hudson Yards District
IN	Special Inwood District
J	Jerome Corridor District
L	Special Lincoln Square District
LC	Special Limited Commercial District
LI	Special Little Italy District
LIC	Special Long Island City Mixed Use District
LM	Special Lower Manhattan District
MiD	Special Midtown District
MMU	Special Manhattanville Mixed Use District
MP	Special Madison Avenue Preservation District
MX-n	Special Mixed Use District, where n is the number of the district
NA-n	Special Natural Area District, where n is the number of the district
NA-4	Special Fort Totten Natural Area District-4
OP	Special Ocean Parkway District
PC	Special Planned Community Preservation District
PI	Special Park Improvement District
SB	Special Sheepshead Bay District
SG	Special St. George District
SHP	Special Southern Hunters Point District
SNX	Special SoHo-NoHo Mixed Use District
SRD	Special South Richmond Development District
SRI	Special Southern Roosevelt Island District
SV-1	Special Scenic View District

Abbreviation	Description
SW	Special Stapleton Waterfront District
TA	Special Transit Land Use District
TMU	Special Tribeca Mixed Use District
U	Special United Nations Development District
US	Special Union Square District
WCh	Special West Chelsea District
WP	Special Willets Point District

APPENDIX B: LIMITED HEIGHT DISTRICTS

Abbreviation	Description
LH-1	Limited Height District No. 1 (Gramercy Park/Brooklyn Heights/Cobble Hill)
LH-1A	Limited Height District No. 1A (Upper East Side)
LH-2	Limited Height District No. 2*
LH-3	Limited Height District No. 3*

*There are currently no districts with these designations

APPENDIX C: BUILDING CLASS CODES**A. ONE FAMILY DWELLINGS**

- 0. Cape Cod
- 1. Two Stories Detached (Small or Moderate Size, With or Without Attic)
- 2. One Story (Permanent Living Quarters)
- 3. Large Suburban Residence
- 4. City Residence
- 5. Attached or Semi-Detached
- 6. Summer Cottages
- 7. Mansion Type or Town House
- 8. Bungalow Colony/Land Coop Owned
- 9. Miscellaneous

B. TWO FAMILY DWELLINGS

- 1. Brick
- 2. Frame
- 3. Converted from One Family
- 9. Miscellaneous

C. WALK UP APARTMENTS

- 0. Three Families
- 1. Over Six Families Without Stores
- 2. Five to Six Families
- 3. Four Families
- 4. Old Law Tenements
- 5. Converted Dwelling or Rooming House
- 6. Cooperative
- 7. Over Six Families with Stores
- 8. Co-Op Conversion from Loft/Warehouse
- 9. Garden Apartments
- M. Mobile Homes/Trailer Parks

D. ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

- 0. Co-op Conversion from Loft/Warehouse
- 1. Semi-fireproof (Without Stores)
- 2. Artists in Residence
- 3. Fireproof (Without Stores)
- 4. Cooperatives (Other Than Condominiums)
- 5. Converted
- 6. Fireproof with Stores
- 7. Semi-Fireproof with Stores
- 8. Luxury Type
- 9. Miscellaneous

E. WAREHOUSES

- 1. Fireproof
- 2. Contractor's Warehouse
- 3. Semi-Fireproof
- 4. Frame, Metal
- 7. Warehouse, Self Storage
- 9. Miscellaneous

F. FACTORY AND INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS

- 1. Heavy Manufacturing - Fireproof
- 2. Special Construction - Fireproof
- 4. Semi-Fireproof
- 5. Light Manufacturing
- 8. Tank Farms
- 9. Miscellaneous

¹ Building Classes were developed and are assigned by the Department of Finance with the exception of Q0 and the mixed-use condominium building classes that were developed by the Department of City Planning (DCP). See the definition of BUILDING CLASS for more information.

G. GARAGES AND GASOLINE STATIONS

- 0. Residential Tax Class 1 Garage
- 1. All Parking Garages
- 2. Auto Body/Collision or Auto Repair
- 3. Gas Station with Retail Store
- 4. Gas Station with Service/Auto Repair
- 5. Gas Station only with/without Small Kiosk
- 6. Licensed Parking Lot
- 7. Unlicensed Parking Lot
- 8. Car Sales/Rental with Showroom
- 9. Miscellaneous Garage or Gas Station
- U. Car Sales/Rental without Showroom
- W. Car Wash or Lubritorium Facility

H. HOTELS

- 1. Luxury Type
- 2. Full Service Hotel
- 3. Limited Service – Many Affiliated with National Chain
- 4. Motels
- 5. Private Club, Luxury Type
- 6. Apartment Hotels
- 7. Apartment Hotels-Co-op Owned
- 8. Dormitories
- 9. Miscellaneous
- B. Boutique 10-100 Rooms, with Luxury Facilities, Themed, Stylish, with Full Service Accommodations
- H. Hostel-Bed Rental in Dorm Like Setting with Shared Rooms & Bathrooms
- R. SRO- 1 or 2 People Housed in Individual Rooms in Multiple Dwelling Affordable Housing
- S. Extended Stay/Suite Amenities Similar to Apt., Typically Charge Weekly Rates & Less Expensive than Full Service Hotel

I. HOSPITALS AND HEALTH

- 1. Hospitals, Sanitariums, Mental Institutions
- 2. Infirmary
- 3. Dispensary
- 4. Staff Facilities
- 5. Health Center, Child Center, Clinic
- 6. Nursing Home
- 7. Adult Care Facility
- 9. Miscellaneous

J. THEATRES

- 1. Art Type (Seating Capacity under 400 Seats)

- 2. Art Type (Seating Capacity Over 400 Seats)
- 3. Motion Picture Theatre with Balcony
- 4. Legitimate Theatres (Theatre Sole Use of Building)
- 5. Theatre in Mixed Use Building
- 6. T.V. Studios
- 7. Off-Broadway Type
- 8. Multiplex Picture Theatre
- 9. Miscellaneous

K. STORE BUILDINGS (TAXPAYERS INCLUDED)

- 1. One Story Retail Building
- 2. Multi-Story Retail Building
- 3. Multi-Story Department Store
- 4. Predominant Retail with Other Uses
- 5. Stand Alone Food Establishment
- 6. Shopping Centers with or without Parking
- 7. Banking Facilities with or without Parking
- 8. Big Box Retail Not Affixed & Standing on Own Lot with Parking
- 9. Miscellaneous

L. LOFT BUILDINGS

- 1. Over Eight Stores (Mid-Manhattan Type)
- 2. Fireproof and Storage Type (Without Stores)
- 3. Semi-Fireproof
- 8. With Retail Stores Other Than Type 1
- 9. Miscellaneous

M. CHURCHES, SYNAGOGUES, ETC.

- 1. Church, Synagogue, Chapel
- 2. Mission House (Non-Residential)
- 3. Parsonage, Rectory
- 4. Convents
- 9. Miscellaneous

N. ASYLUMS AND HOMES

- 1. Asylums
- 2. Homes for Indigent Children, Aged, Homeless
- 3. Orphanages
- 4. Detention House For Wayward Girls
- 9. Miscellaneous

O. OFFICE BUILDINGS

- 1. Office Only – 1 Story
- 2. Office Only – 2-6 Stories
- 3. Office Only – 7-19 Stories

4.	Office Only or Office with Comm – 20 Stories or More	D	Residential Building (Mixed Residential Condo Building Classification Codes)
5.	Office with Comm – 1 to 6 Stories	G	Indoor Parking
6.	Office with Comm – 7 to 19 Stories	H	Hotel/Boatel
7.	Professional Buildings/Stand Alone Funeral Homes	I	Mixed Warehouse/Factory/Industrial & Commercial
8.	Office with Apartments Only (No Comm)	K	Retail Space
9.	Miscellaneous and Old Style Bank Bldgs	M	Mixed Residential & Commercial Building (Mixed Residential & Commercial)
P	PLACES OF PUBLIC ASSEMBLY (INDOOR) AND CULTURAL	P	Outdoor Parking
1.	Concert Halls	R	Condominium Rentals
2.	Lodge Rooms	S	Non-Business Storage Space
3.	YWCA, YMCA, YWHA, YMHA, PAL	T	Terraces/Gardens/Cabanas
4.	Beach Club	W	Warehouse/Factory/Industrial
5.	Community Center	X	Mixed Residential, Commercial & Industrial
6.	Amusement Place, Bathhouse, Boat House	Z	Mixed Residential & Warehouse
7.	Museum	S.	RESIDENCE - MULTIPLE USE
8.	Library	0.	Primarily One Family with Two Stores or Offices
9.	Miscellaneous	1.	Primarily One Family with One Store or Office
Q.	OUTDOOR RECREATION FACILITIES	2.	Primarily Two Family with One Store or Office
0.	Open Space	3.	Primarily Three Family with One Store or Office
1.	Parks/Recreation Facilities	4.	Primarily Four Family with One Store or Office
2.	Playground	5.	Primarily Five to Six Family with One Store or Office
3.	Outdoor Pool	9.	Single or Multiple Dwelling with Stores or Offices
4.	Beach	T.	TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES (ASSESSED IN ORE)
5.	Golf Course	1.	Airport, Air Field, Terminal
6.	Stadium, Race Track, Baseball Field	2.	Pier, Dock, Bulkhead
7.	Tennis Court	9.	Miscellaneous
8.	Marina, Yacht Club	U.	UTILITY BUREAU PROPERTIES
9.	Miscellaneous	0.	Utility Company Land and Building
G.	Community Gardens	1.	Bridge, Tunnel, Highway
R.	CONDOMINIUMS	2.	Gas or Electric Utility
0.	Condo Billing Lot	3.	Ceiling Railroad
1.	Residential Unit in 2-10 Unit Bldg	4.	Telephone Utility
2.	Residential Unit in Walk-Up Bldg	5.	Communications Facilities Other Than Telephone
3.	Residential Unit in 1-3 Story Bldg	6.	Railroad - Private Ownership
4.	Residential Unit in Elevator Bldg	7.	Transportation - Public Ownership
5.	Miscellaneous Commercial	8.	Revocable Consent
6.	Residential Unit of 1-3 Unit Bldg-Orig Class 1	9.	Miscellaneous
7.	Commercial Unit of 1-3 Units Bldg- Orig Class 1	V.	VACANT LAND
8.	Commercial Unit of 2-10 Unit Bldg		
9.	Co-op within a Condominium		
A	Cultural, Medical, Educational, etc.		
B	Office Space		
C	Commercial Building (Mixed Commercial Condo Building Classification Codes)		

- 0. Zoned Residential; Not Manhattan
- 1. Zoned Commercial or Manhattan Residential
- 2. Zoned Commercial Adjacent to Class 1 Dwelling; Not Manhattan
- 3. Zoned Primarily Residential; Not Manhattan
- 4. Police or Fire Department
- 5. School Site or Yard
- 6. Library, Hospital or Museum
- 7. Port Authority of NY and NJ
- 8. New York State & U.S. Government
- 9. Miscellaneous

W. EDUCATIONAL STRUCTURES

- 1. Public Elementary, Junior or Senior High
- 2. Parochial School, Yeshiva
- 3. School or Academy
- 4. Training School
- 5. City University
- 6. Other College and University
- 7. Theological Seminary
- 8. Other Private School
- 9. Miscellaneous

Y. SELECTED GOVERNMENT INSTALLATIONS

(Excluding Office Buildings, Training Schools, Academic, Garages, Warehouses, Piers, Air Fields, Vacant Land, Vacant Sites, and Land Under Water and Easements)

- 1. Fire Department
- 2. Police Department
- 3. Prison, Jail, House of Detention
- 4. Military and Naval Installation
- 5. Department of Real Estate
- 6. Department of Sanitation
- 7. Department of Ports and Terminals
- 8. Department of Public Works
- 9. Department of Environmental Protection

Z. MISCELLANEOUS

- 0. Tennis Court, Pool, Shed, etc.
- 1. Court House
- 2. Public Parking Area
- 3. Post Office
- 4. Foreign Government
- 5. United Nations
- 7. Easement
- 8. Cemetery
- 9. Other

APPENDIX D: LAND USE CATEGORIES

DCP LAND USE CODE	DCP LAND USE CATEGORIES	DOF/DCP BUILDING CLASSES
01	One & Two Family Buildings	A*,B*,Z0
02	Multi-Family Walk-Up Buildings	C0,C1,C2,C3,C4,C5,C6,C8,C9, CM, R1,R2,R3,R6
03	Multi-Family Elevator Buildings	D0,D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D8,D9,H6,H7,R4,RD
04	Mixed Residential & Commercial Buildings	C7,D6,D7,K4,O8,R8,R9,RM,RR,RX,RZ,S*
05	Commercial & Office Buildings	G8,GU,GW,H1,H2,H3,H4,H5,H9,HB,HH,HR,HS,J*,K1,K2,K3,K5,K6, K7,K8,K9,O1,O2,O3,O4,O5,O6,O7,O9,P1,R5,R7,RB,RC,RH,RI,RK,RS
06	Industrial & Manufacturing Buildings	E*,F*,L*,RW
07	Transportation & Utility	G2,G3,G4,G5,G9,T*,U*,Y6,Y7,Y8,Y9
08	Public Facilities & Institutions	H8,I*,M*,N*,P2,P3,P5,P7,P8,P9,RA,W*,Y1,Y2, Y3,Y4,Z1,Z3,Z4,Z5
09	Open Space & Outdoor Recreation	P4,P6,Q*,Z8
10	Parking Facilities	G0,G1,G6,G7,RG,RP,Z2
11	Vacant Land	V*

NOTES: * Denotes all DOF/DCP Building Class classifications within an alphabetic grouping.
The Building Classes R0, Y5, Z7, and Z9 are not assigned to a Land Use Category.