

C02015: ASIAN ALONE BY SELECTED GROUPS

Universe: Total Asian alone population

2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimate

New York City and Boroughs

	New York City		Bronx		Brooklyn		Manhattan		Queens		Staten Island	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	1,205,321	+/-8,343	53,593	+/-3,067	319,263	+/-2,933	200,997	+/-3,018	591,840	+/-6,509	39,628	+/-1,373
Asian Indian	236,856	+/-14,367	18,388	+/-3,748	31,083	+/-4,535	29,491	+/-4,106	149,569	+/-11,758	8,325	+/-2,731
Chinese	574,886	+/-15,850	8,965	+/-2,369	211,145	+/-8,123	109,071	+/-6,885	232,666	+/-11,517	13,039	+/-2,476
Filipino	78,665	+/-8,245	5,106	+/-1,832	11,238	+/-2,358	13,431	+/-3,431	42,251	+/-5,821	6,639	+/-2,018
Japanese	23,850	+/-3,864	507	+/-461	5,024	+/-1,296	11,485	+/-2,520	6,724	+/-1,746	110	+/-176
Korean	96,837	+/-6,912	2,807	+/-1,355	8,054	+/-1,528	21,204	+/-3,623	60,657	+/-6,276	4,115	+/-1,802
Vietnamese	13,865	+/-2,862	3,035	+/-1,518	3,849	+/-1,307	1,781	+/-779	4,558	+/-1,464	642	+/-820
Other Asian	180,362	+/-12,924	14,785	+/-3,810	48,870	+/-7,263	14,534	+/-3,026	95,415	+/-9,246	6,758	+/-2,144

Sources: U. S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates – Summary File

Population Division – New York City Department of City Planning (November 2016)

REFERENCE NOTES:

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

This table has been updated to include additional categories for detailed Asian groups. The 5-year (2011-2015) estimates for these additional detailed groups will be released in 2016.

Total includes people who reported Asian only, regardless of whether they reported one or more detailed Asian groups.

Other Asian, specified. Includes respondents who provide a response of another Asian group not shown separately, such as Iwo Jiman, Maldivian, or Singaporean.

Other Asian, not specified. Includes respondents who checked the "Other Asian" response category on the ACS questionnaire and did not write in a specific group or wrote in a generic term such as "Asian," or "Asiatic."

Two or more Asian. Includes respondents who provided multiple Asian responses such as Asian Indian and Japanese; or Vietnamese, Chinese and Hmong.

While the 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.