

C17002: RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS

Universe: Population for whom poverty status is determined

2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

New York City and Boroughs

Geography	Total Persons		Ratio of Income to Poverty Level for Persons															
			Persons Below Poverty Level						1.00 to 1.24		1.25 to 1.49		1.50 to 1.84		1.85 to 1.99		2.00 and over	
	Total		Under .50		.50 to .99		Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error												
New York City	8,413,409	+/-6,133	1,680,857	+/-34,965	723,320	+/-23,818	957,537	+/-25,598	462,534	+/-20,606	405,047	+/-19,838	527,554	+/-22,804	213,851	+/-14,482	5,123,566	+/-35,061
Bronx	1,420,412	+/-3,437	432,177	+/-17,205	192,221	+/-12,455	239,956	+/-11,870	101,853	+/-11,230	87,784	+/-9,717	104,349	+/-11,226	43,202	+/-6,620	651,047	+/-16,802
Brooklyn	2,614,180	+/-3,338	582,808	+/-20,750	235,542	+/-13,930	347,266	+/-15,379	163,928	+/-11,900	130,908	+/-11,009	168,073	+/-11,003	69,213	+/-7,987	1,499,250	+/-21,677
Manhattan	1,597,437	+/-4,517	280,406	+/-16,894	132,483	+/-11,592	147,923	+/-12,290	67,201	+/-9,724	53,032	+/-8,096	75,352	+/-10,524	26,135	+/-5,925	1,095,311	+/-16,225
Queens	2,313,008	+/-2,825	318,154	+/-14,898	124,111	+/-10,276	194,043	+/-10,787	118,265	+/-12,372	120,663	+/-11,081	164,654	+/-12,818	64,836	+/-6,791	1,526,436	+/-20,025
Staten Island	468,372	+/-1,734	67,312	+/-8,147	38,963	+/-6,522	28,349	+/-4,882	11,287	+/-2,902	12,660	+/-3,512	15,126	+/-3,354	10,465	+/-2,987	351,522	+/-8,897

Sources: U. S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates – Summary File
Population Division – New York City Department of City Planning (November 2016)

REFERENCE NOTES:

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2015 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.