

C17002: RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS

Universe: Population for whom poverty status is determined

2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

New York City and Boroughs

Geography	Total Persons		Ratio of Income to Poverty Level for Persons															
			Persons Below Poverty Level						1.00 to 1.24		1.25 to 1.49		1.50 to 1.84		1.85 to 1.99		2.00 and over	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
New York City	8,258,024	+/-6,831	1,426,628	+/-37,058	635,128	+/-24,879	791,500	+/-27,465	393,028	+/-18,884	359,686	+/-16,937	516,225	+/-23,623	227,843	+/-13,725	5,334,614	+/-44,578
Bronx	1,397,994	+/-3,220	383,486	+/-20,341	178,104	+/-14,101	205,382	+/-14,660	91,723	+/-9,484	78,007	+/-9,012	112,761	+/-12,279	45,601	+/-8,052	686,416	+/-19,968
Brooklyn	2,557,510	+/-3,753	485,693	+/-20,224	207,388	+/-13,669	278,305	+/-14,905	137,304	+/-9,483	109,308	+/-8,916	152,906	+/-11,272	74,763	+/-10,191	1,597,536	+/-22,855
Manhattan	1,582,510	+/-4,582	245,487	+/-16,419	119,242	+/-11,674	126,245	+/-11,545	56,490	+/-8,494	51,710	+/-8,428	70,892	+/-10,544	32,426	+/-8,922	1,125,505	+/-17,654
Queens	2,250,553	+/-3,093	258,221	+/-13,735	102,124	+/-8,158	156,097	+/-11,050	96,219	+/-9,627	105,958	+/-9,677	159,696	+/-13,308	66,498	+/-8,404	1,563,961	+/-19,230
Staten Island	469,457	+/-1,829	53,741	+/-7,904	28,270	+/-5,414	25,471	+/-5,759	11,292	+/-2,909	14,703	+/-4,790	19,970	+/-5,179	8,555	+/-3,351	361,196	+/-9,585

Sources: U. S. Census Bureau, 2018 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates – Summary File
Population Division – New York City Department of City Planning (November 2019)

REFERENCE NOTES:

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2018 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An "" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An "" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An "" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.